THE Bombay Gazette

No. 55,878—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 14, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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EXPIRATION OF LEASE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" LTD.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

On and after January 1st, 1913, all communications to be addressed to the New Premises, Homjee Street, Elphinstone Circle.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" IS THE OLDEST AND BEST DAILY PAPER IN WESTERN INDIA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1913				
15th Feb.	SALSETTE	6 00	MALOJA	12500
2 2nd	EGYPT	8000	...	...
1st March	MOREA	11000	...	...
8th "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6 00	MARMORA	10500
19th "	†ARCADIA	7000	...	...
22nd "	MANTUA	11000	...	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12000
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	...	...
12th "	MOLDAVIA	10000	...	...
19th "	MALOJA	12500	...	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	...	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
17th "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
31st "	MANTUA	11000	...	...
7th June	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	12000
14th "	ARABIA	8000	...	...
21st "	DELTA	8000	MOREA	11000
28th "	INDIA	8000	...	...

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipto connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

† INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 19th MARCH 1913, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE.	RETURN.
	"A" rate. "B" rate.	"A" rate. "B" rate.
To Marseilles Rs. 594 or Rs. 495	Rs. 891 or Rs.	742-8
To London " 627 or " 523	" 940-8 or "	782

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

*Elysia ... 6361	J. Coverley	23rd Feb. 1913.
Massilia ... 5091	J. Tammaro	9th March "
Olympia ... 5124	J. Kinnaird	23rd " "
*Circassia.. 5715	C F. Osborne R.N.R	10th April "
Scindia ... 5103	Wm. Kelso	4th " "
*Castalia ... 6338	G. Mitchell	5th May "
*Elysia ... 6338	J. Coverley	19th " "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	" 443	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 591	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 445	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sardegna ...	5255	A. Muzio ...	15th Feb. 1913.
Sicilia	5223	D. Maggazini	15th Mar. 1913.
Sardegna ...	5255	A. Muzio ...	15th April 1913.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class.
Single Ticket from, Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350		Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 675 to 925	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690 Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND KOBE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	4057	G. Bilaito ...	16th Mar. 1913
Capri	4195	A. de Amezaga.	16th April 1913

SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165; to KOBE, Rs. 250; DECK Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 45; and to KOBE, Rs. 70.

Subject to alterations for further particulars apply to

G. FERRERO,
Agent,

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via
Linga	2155	Mon. 17th Feb.	11 a.m.	*P.D.& C.M.
Kasara	1195	Thurs. 20th Feb.	9 a.m.	† C.M.
Lhasa	2134	Friday 21st Feb.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Kasara", 1195 tons, on Thursday, 20th Feb., calling at Muscat, Bushire, and Mohomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Barala", 3,143 tons, on Thursday, 20th February, calling at Veraval, Maugrol, Karachi, Gwadar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA (Fortnightly).

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
*Pentakota ...	3418	...Thursday, 20th February.
†Pundua ...	3305	... " 6th March.
*Palamcotta ...	3413	... " 20th "
†Lindula ...	3353	... " 3rd April.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.
†Calls at Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 22nd February.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

14th February, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Yarra ...	4142	Cazal ...	13th Mar. 1913.
Australien ...	6335	Costa ...	9th April 1913.
Caledonien ...	4120	Molber ...	7th May 1913.
Dumbea ...	5685	Sellier ...	4th June 1913

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single) ...	Rs. 594	495	225
Do. (return) ...	" 891	743	405
To London (single) ...	" 660	528	270
Do. (return) ...	" 990	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's steamers at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT

AND THE FAR EAST BY TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Bail Bldg, Hornby Road, Bombay. Agent.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
Kanzler	3000	Schapp ...	16th Feb. 1913.
a Konig	4900	Coltzau ...	3rd March 1913
Markgraf	3650	Bremer ...	17th March 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN AND PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

a WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY Twin Screw.

For Rates and Particulars, Apply to

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 28th January, 1913.

PAINTS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by

MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING,

of London & Bristol,

can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.

A waranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

BOMBAY RACES

(BIG MEETING.)

THERE are no better Field Glasses in the world than those known as the GOERZ TRIEDER and the EMIL BUSCH BINOCULARS.

They are made for the Marine Service, for the Field and for the Theatre. Wonderful qualities, and the most extensive field of view, make them transcendentally perfect for use on the Race Course. They are as different to the ordinary field glass as a diamond is to a bit of glass.

There are many imitations of these excellent Prism binoculars offered under strikingly fancy names intended to conceal their origin, but which only prove their illegitimacy and orphanism. Such imitation may be accepted as mere contrivances manufactured solely to serve as "Catchpennies."

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS & OPTICIANS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)
GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)
GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)
GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)
GATEAU JAPONAIS—(Pineapple Iced Cake.)
GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)
GATEAU IDEAL—(Cream Pastry Cake.)
GATEAU FLAMANDE—(Lemon and Almond Cake.)
GATEAU SUBLIME—(Very light apricot-flavoured Cake.)
GATEAU St. HONORE—(Whipped-cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET.

Telephone No. 325. Telegram.—MONGINI, Bombay.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.
ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft shell; MALAGA RAISINS, and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes; and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and specially restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from premature decay, or deficiency of the vital forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 7s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

DR. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. Price 1s. 3d. and 2s. 9d.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

Debilitated and Nervous Sufferers should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Roos, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or of the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines.

Agents for India: TREACHER & Co. LIMITED, BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, Londons.
BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.
INSURANCE of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up..... Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund ..... " " 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits..... " " 558,288,69

LONDON OFFICE: 36 Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ...	"	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ...	"	17,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Haion	Fengtion (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Byojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tibling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angels, Cal. U. S. A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES AT:—
Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000
PAID UP .....£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart, (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown, Shiply and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M PETIT, Bart,
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors... ...	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....	$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yiotlo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.,

CAPITAL (paid up)...Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER) ... ,, 32,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Rs. 50,00,000.
CAPITAL PAID UP .....Rs. 10,00,000.
RESERVED FUND .....Rs. 25,419-8-0.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCIES:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Calcutta, Cawapore, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Lucknow Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot, Sukkar, Surat and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. per annum and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months, 5 per cent and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches. Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHORISED ...	...	Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED ...	...	Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ...	...	Rs. 3,62,618
RESERVE FUND (In Govt. Papers)...		Rs. 3,50,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

BRANCHES.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawapore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt., Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ % p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SRI RAM, B. A.,
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street. Manager.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette," Limited, at Homjee Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 365,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA, LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

JAS. MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half-yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no int rest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

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EMPRESS PALE
and
HOUSEWIFE'S FRIEND

Fine Household Soaps.

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Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, for the year ending 31st March, 1914, for all or any of the following supplies :—

Tenders for supplies.	To be delivered into the Office of the Chief Accountant up to one P. M., (Bombay Time).
Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15, 18, 19, 24, 25 & 62.	Friday, the 21st February 1913.
Nos. 6, 9, 12, 13, 22, 34, 41, 46, 48, 49, 63 & 64.	Tuesday, the 25th February, 1913.
Nos. 16, 27, 29, 30, 32, 33, 35, 36, 50, 54 and 61.	Thursday, the 27th February, 1913.
Nos. 11, 20, 21, 23, 26, 28, 31, 37, 38, 40, 44, 51, and 60.	Monday, the 3 d March, 1913.
Nos. 17, 3', 42, 43, 47, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, and 59.	Friday, the 7th March, 1913.

Schedule No.	Description of articles.	Deposit Rs.
1.	Hardware Tools only	150
2.	Hardware other than Tools	350
3.	Ship Chandlers' Stores	350
4.	Brushes, Paint, Oil, & Paint, &c. ...	50
5.	Crockery, Lampware, and Glassware...	100
6.	Electric Goods	50
7.	Leather Goods	50
8.	Belting Belats	70
9.	Rubber Goods	100
10.	Metals, Brass, and Copper, &c. ...	250
11.	Iron and Steel Bars and Plates ...	150
12.	Iron	100
13.	Steel	50
14.	Cutlery	10
15.	Axes-pick, Spades, Shovels, &c. ...	75
16.	Hoes (Fowras) Europe	50
17.	Caps and Coats	125
18.	Harness and Saddlery...	35
19.	Miscellaneous Articles...	300
20.	Canvas and Hose Canvas	100
21.	Canvas Hose 2½" Europe Spl. Quality..	250
22.	Pots and Pans, Earthen	175
23.	Oils and Grease	150
24.	Oil, Castor and Sweet...	250
25.	Oil Cocoanut	1,000
26	Oil, Cylinder, Mineral and Shafting	200
27.	Oil Kerosine and Petrol	500
28.	Oil Linseed and Spirit of Turpentine.	125
29.	Waste Cotton	150
30.	Buckets Galvanized	100
31.	Chain Iron	50
32.	Firewood and Charcoal	250
33.	Salt, Soap and Soda	100
34.	Tents Smoke	50
35.	Stoes, Nails and Washers.	200
36.	Nails and Screws Iron	25
37.	Paints, ...	100
38.	Paste and Shellac Bengal best ...	25
39.	Dammer and Tar Coal	100
40.	Files.	25
41.	Tarpaulin Canvas.	100
42.	Bolts and Nuts Iron	75
43.	Nuts, Rivets and Washers Iron ...	50
44.	Packings	175
45.	.....	...
46.	Shafts Wooden Bhendy for (Picks and Powras)	25
47.	Tyres and Tubs for Motors	25
48.	Plumber's Stores, etc.... ...	75
49.	Valves and Ball for Valves	50
50.	Basket and Cane for Baskets... ...	250
51.	Lead Pig	600
52.	Water-proof Umbrellas	50
53.	Cumblees Woollen	150
54.	Cloth Dungry	25
55.	Line Coir	100
56.	Rope Coir and Rubber hand Coir ...	50
57.	Rope Cotton and Line Log Country...	25
58.	Rope, Hemp, old, for Torch Light ...	50
59.	Rope Manilla Best	25
60.	Yarn Spun and Yarn Hemp	25
61.	Nose Strings and Reins	100
62.	Iron Castings	1,000
63.	Timber	500
64.	Timber (Banteak and Calicut Logs)...	200

II. Forms of Tender and Contract may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned, who, will on application, give any further information that may be required.

III. Tenders should be delivered, duly signed, in the Chief Accountant's Office on the respective dates in separate sealed covers to be superscribed "1. Supply of Hardware Tools only." 2. Supply of Hardware other than Tools, and the like.

IV. The deposit accompanying each Tender (without which no Tender will be considered) shall be in cash or public securities and this will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender before the decision of the Standing Committee is known, or of refusal to sign the contract. The successful Tenderer will have to pay all charges of whatever nature in connection with the execution of the contract.

V. An additional deposit on contracts, 62 and 63, amounting to Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500 respectively (as shown above) and on 1 to 61 and 64, a further payment to make up the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the contract amount, not to bear interest if in cash, will have to be made by the Contractors, whose Tender may be accepted.

VI. Tenders containing rates in respect of a few items only in any of the schedules will be considered, but acceptance of such incomplete Tenders will only be possible, when there is a marked difference in rate.

VII. The Municipal Commissioner reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer will be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

VIII. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. G. CHRISTIANSEN, M.S.E., A.M.I.M.E.,
Storekeeper, Bombay Municipality.
Central Stores, Chinchpokli,
Bombay, 13th February, 1913.

HOUSE, Bazaar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary, Wages Table, Recipes, Instructions and Will Form by G. L. CHARD, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A. and N. Co-operative Society Ld., Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :-
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

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GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.
CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, on sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No, 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette, Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

EXPIRATION OF LEASE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the office of the "Bombay Gazette," Ltd., is REMOVED to Homjee Street, Elphinstone Circle, where all communications from this date should be addressed.

By Order,
ROBERT HILL,
General Manager and Secretary.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank of India, Limited, will be CLOSED from February 24th, to March 12th, 1913, both days inclusive.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.
Feb. 14th, 1913.

NOTICE.

CONTRACTS FOR ROYAL NAVY AT BOMBAY.

TENDERS for the following Contract for twevel months, from 1st April, 1913, will be received by the Assistant Paymaster in charge, Royal Naval Depot, Bombay, up till NOON, on 24th February, 1913:—

COALING, H. M. Ships at Bombay:

Tender forms may be obtained at this Office on application. His Excellency, the Naval Commander-in-Chief, does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

WILLIAM H. HUGHES,
Assistant Paymaster in charge,
Royal Naval Depot, Bombay.

NOTICE.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.—Applications are invited for the POST OF CHIEF CLERK, in the General Storekeeper's Office, at Parel, Bombay. Salary Rs. 300 to Rs. 350. None but those who have had experience in Railway Stores work need apply. Aplications with copies of testimonials should be sent to the Undersigned.

W. L. SHAW,
Ag. General Storekeeper.
Fergusson Road, Bombay,
12th February, 1913.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE beg to announce to our numerous Customers and the Public in General that, for better accommodation, we have REMOVED from 20 Esplanade Road, to 117-125 ESPLANADE ROAD, at the entrance of Medow Street, where our business will be carried on from this day.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
CIGARETTE MANUFACTURERS, GENERAL TOBACCONISTS.
IMPORTERS OF GREEK WINES AND BRANDIES.
117-125, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS AT DELHI.
KING, KING & Co., 1, Kashmir Gate.

WANTED.

WANTED, for a Mill in Southern India, PARSEE CLOTH DESIGNER and COSTER of COLOURED GOODS, including Checks. Salary according to qualification. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 233, care of this Paper.

WANTED :—A Machine and Fitting Shop, EUROPEAN FOREMAN, for an Engineering Works in Madras. Apply, stating salary required, with copies of testimonials to J. A. D., care of this Paper.

WANTED, by a young Englishman, BEDROOM with use of sitting Room, with full Board, near the Cooperage or Apollo Bunder. Private family preferred. To occupy from March 1st onwards. Write with full particulars, stating inclusive charge to Box No. 121, care of this Paper.

WANTED AT ONCE, Eurasian (Female) to LEARN BOOK-BINDING, Experience Unnecessary. Apply to Box No. 855, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—2 FIRST CLASS PRINTING MACHINE MEN, those used to half tone and better Class Jobbing Work only need Apply to Box No. 468, care of this Paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY a Smart FOREMAN BINDER, speaking English. Apply with full particulars. Salary wanted etc., otherwise no application will be entertained to Box No. 595, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—A TRUSTWORTHY and ENERGETIC CONTRACTOR for the sale and distribution of Newspapers. Deposit Rs. 500 required. Apply Box No. 562, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

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FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE VIS-A-VIS VICTORIA recently done up tyres in good order, additional hood for front seat, fitted for single or double harness. Price Rs. 650.

Also a set of double Cawnpore-English plated harness, cost Rs. 100 in July, 1912. Price Rs. 80 or offer.

Also a rubber-tyred buggy partly English built, suitable for 14-15 hand horse, sound but needs doing up, Price Rs. 350.

Also a sweet-toned piano (Marcks) in good order, Rs. 300, or offer.

Apply to R. D. PRIOR, Poona, or to Messrs. JAFFER JUSSUFF, East Street, Poona.

TO BE LET.

TO LET.—A GROUND and UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW, with Stables, Outhouses, etc., in Club Road, also a COMMODIOUS OFFICE, in Apollo Street. Rent Rs. 75 only, and several furnished FLATS, GODOWNS, and OFFICES. Apply ORIENT HOUSE AGENCY, 31, Hummum Street, Bombay.

TO LET ON THE COOPERAGE.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bed-room with verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bath Room, Shower and W. C. Use of Dining-room, etc. Overlooking Sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box 460, care of "Bombay Gazette".

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THE EXCELSIOR.

TO-NIGHT!

LES MISERABLES

3RD EPOCH in 2 Parts.

COSETTE—1821.

WIFFLES AND THE BABY.

THE MILLIONAIRE-MILKMAN.

PACKING EXTRAORDINARY.

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OF
FRED PAGE'S "TYCOON" TROUPE
OF
PERFORMING DOGS
From the
JAPAN BRITISH EXHIBITION, LONDON.
This is the most remarkable Exhibition of Canine Intelligence ever staged.

AFTER A GRAND SUCCESS AT POONA.

Under the Distinguished Patronage and in the immediate presence of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice F. C. O. BEAMAN.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE HALL,
GRAND SOUVENIR CONCERT,
On SATURDAY, 15th February, 1913, at 9-30 p. m., (S. T.),
By Mrs. C. SARASWATI BAI,
THE FAMOUS SONGSTRESS OF SOUTHERN INDIA.
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
SHE IS ONLY TWENTY YEARS OF AGE.
Reserved Seats, Rs. 5 and 3.
Unreserved Seats, Rs. 2.
Plan of Seats at SOUNDY & Co., Ltd.

CINEMA DE LUXE,
GAIETY THEATRE.
Manager.....Lew James.
6-30 TWO HOUSES NIGHTLY 10
The House where we can all go together.
TO-NIGHT, THE WONDER WORKER
"JENSEN"
and his
VERSATILE COMPANY.
JENSEN'S
LATEST AND GREATEST ILLUSION
"GALATEA"
Come and see him put life into a Marble Statue.
THE EGYPTIAN BOX MYSTERY
"Parlour Tricks", "Magic Illusions,"
AND OUR CINEMA PICTURES.
KEEP A SHARP LOOK OUT.
TO-MORROW, FOR OUR
"COLOSSAL BILL."
COMPLETE CHANGE. NEW ATTRACTIONS. TWO HOURS' WHOLESOME AMUSEMENTS NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

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PHAETON BRAND.
GUARANTEED BEST
English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
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SURVEYING
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DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, Etc.
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No. 9-13 KANTA BUILDING.
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

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HAVE YOU A POLICY OF THIS DESCRIPTION ?
IF NOT IT WOULD BE ADVISABLE TO WRITE TO
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the Branch Managers of the
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PLEASE REFER TO ADVERT. IN THE INSURANCE COLUMN.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

A MAGNIFICENT IRISH DRAMA
SHAMUS O'BRIEN,
A Story of Ireland in 1798,
Taken from the Popular Poem by J. S. La Fance,
A real Irish subject produced by Irish Actors.

The Programme also includes :—
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BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS.
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For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., Rs. 1-8 each.
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is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.
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Cures ring-worm, Dhobiesitch, etc., in a day, Ans. 4 each.

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INVALID'S PORT,
Gold Capsule, is
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Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
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Let us know and we will send you a few ideas as to how you can best invest it with
ABSOLUTE SECURITY
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FULL PARTICULARS AND EVERY INFORMATION ON APPLICATION TO—
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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices :—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy ; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy ; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year ; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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TO LET at COLABA, near Bombay Green, a LARGE HOUSE, suitable for Hotel Club. Rent Rs. 300. Apply to D. NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle.

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COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R KENNEDY, 35 Marine Lines, Bombay.

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BEST FLAX CANVAS
For full particulars apply :—
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is to secure the divine shelter of the world-renowned and universally successful.

Atank Nigrah Pills.

The—Mistress of the Tonics manufactured from the purest vegetable drugs without any intoxicants. Remember "Delay is dangerous."

PRICE, Re. 1.
FOR A TIN OF 32 PILLS.

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Atank Nigrah Pharmacy.
KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

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The leading Commercial Paper in the East.
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A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.
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HEAD OFFICE :—
5-26, Waterloo Street,
CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.
The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piecegoods, and the following :—
50 bicycles, new red covers.
50 pairs English boots and shoes.
At 3-30 p. m., by order of R. D. Sathna, Esq., the Receiver, in Suit No. 98 of 1911, Sedik vs. Haji Esack,—cupboards, almyrah, chest of drawer, mattresses, copper and brass pots, iron safes, and large carpet.

At 2-30 P.M.
Several Gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred Office shigram.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand double-seated brougham.
CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 14th February, 1913.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE by order of High Court of cloth shops with Buildings, at Bhendy Bazar, Pydhowni, and shops with Buildings at Banian Road, near Pydhowni.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 642 of 1912.
Zulikhabai, widow.....Plaintiff
Vs.
Mariambai, widow, and others...Defendants.

Under instructions from Khan Saheb Abba Haji Mahomed and Mr. Ebrahim Haji Mahomed, the Receivers appointed by the Decree in the above suit bearing date the 5th day of October, 1912, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned immovable properties on the premises on the day and at the time mentioned under each Lot.

LOT No. 2.
To be sold THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th day of February, 1913, at 4-30 p. m., (S. T.).
All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, shops and dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at the Parel Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, which said piece of ground and premises contain by admeasurement (179) one hundred and seventy-nine square yards or thereabouts, and are assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under quit and ground rent No. 30, Old Survey No. 1577, and New Survey Nos. 1036 and 7355, the ground rent payable to the Collector of Land Revenue was redeemed on 11th April, 1911, and assessed by the Municipality under C. Ward No. 8023, and Street Nos. 108-110, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the South by the house of Parsi Nanabhai, on or towards the East by public Parel Road, and on or towards the West by the sweeper's passage.

LOT No. 3.
To be sold TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 15th day of February, 1913, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.).
All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuages and tenements and, shops built thereon situate, lying and being at Banian Road, containing by admeasurements one hundred and forty-nine square yards, be the same, little, more or less, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward C Nos. 6289, 6289 (1), Street Nos. 8, 10, 12, 14, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 24, and 1060, and New No. 7349, Old Survey Nos. 2117, 2118, and New Survey No 2-1262, the ground rent in respect thereof payable to the Collector of Land Revenue was redeemed on the 11th day of April, 1911, and which said premises are bounded as follows :—On or towards the East partly by the property now or late of Narayen Gopinath, and partly by the property now or late of Krishnarao Gopinath, on the West by the house of Tucker Hemraj Luckhoo, on the South partly by the common passage of properties lately belonging to Hiraji Narayen Krishna, and Ramchander Gopinath, and partly by the property now or late of Krishnarao Gopinath, and on the North by the Banian Road.
For particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Undersigned, or to Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Co., Solicitors, for the said Recievers, at No 18, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweepings, etc., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Wari Bunder.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890, and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, cotton seeds in bags, rapeseed, linseed, juwari, barley, tilly, rajgira, ramtilly and tarmarie in bags, bundles of gunny, empty casks, crate of soda-water, empty bottles, cases of glass pans, bundles of leather, bundles of iron bars, box of iron machinery, bundles of brassware and iron pipes, cases of empty bottles, box of combs, bags of sweepings grains, bundles of old, records, and lot of condemned sheets, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE of VERY valuable landed Property at 2nd Kumbharwada Street.
In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 939 of 1912.
Parwatibai, widow..... Plaintiff
Vs.
Copal Sudkeji Bale and others .....Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver, appointed by the Decree in the above suit bearing date, the 6th day of January, 1913, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned property on SATURDAY, 1st day of March, 1913, at 5 p. m., (S.T.).
All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement one hundred and forty-five square yards, or thereabouts registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1796, New No. 8927, Old Survey No. 305, and New Survey No. 4992, situate, lying and being on west side of second Kumbharwada street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon registered in the books of the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 7,645, and street Nos. 92-94, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the said second Kumbharwada street, on or towards the West by sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by the property of Gungabai, widow, and on or towards the South by the property now belonging to the Bombay Improvement Trust.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Smetham, Byrne and Co., Attorneys, for the said Receiver, at their Office, at No. 18, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the said auctioneers.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 14th February, 1913.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	,, 11 0
Quarterly	,, 6 0
Monthly	,, 2 0
SINGLE COPY...	... ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	,, 13 8
Quarterly	,, 7 0
Monthly	,, 2 8
SINGLE COPY...	... TWO ANNAS.

N.B.—Payment must always be made in ADVANCE.

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B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

LUBRICANTS. Fuel & Cylinder Oils. WAX, CANDLES.

B. O. C.

PETROL. MOTOR OILS A & B. Motor Grease.

BURMAH OIL Co., Ld.

Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, FEB. 12. BOMBAY, FEB. 13.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	74 1-2		1-1
3 do. Rentes ...	89	:-1	
4½ do. Sterling Loan ...	90 2-4		1-4
do. do. Gov. Securities...	83 13-16	unchgd	
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	28 7-16	unchgd	
do. 2 months' acnce...	28 11-16	unchgd	
Bar Silver in New York ...	closed		
Wechsagen on London at Paris ...	25·24 1-2	unchgd	
do. do. at Berlin...	20·48	01	
do. do. New York...	closed	since	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	5		
do. Short London Bills	17th Oct		
do. 3 months' sight...	4 15-16	unchgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4 3-8	unchgd	
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 1-8	unchgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	5 1-3	unchgd	
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	4 5-8	unchgd	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	4 2-4	unchgd	

Bar Gold, ... 77-9 unchgd.

Wechsagen on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 27-32 unchgd.

Global Tone of Silver—Steady.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £300,000.

P and O s s Persia has shipped £150,270 of Gold for India.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 1,03,00,000.

Rs. 12,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 2,20,000 " to Bombay.
" 70,000 " to Madras.

" 15,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·01.

Telegraphic Transfers:—
Rs. 44,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 25,20,000 " to Bombay
" 15,20,000 " to Madras

" 84,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s 4d. 1-32 (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1 32d. (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·05.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 1,10,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 1,00,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL— Easier. Moderate business
Spot Quiet steady
Futures Quiet with a little enquiry
Manchester 8,000 bales.
Total Sales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 700 "
Imports ... 15,000
Mid-Americans ... 6 9d—9
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...10·05 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May.-June	June-July.
6·70	6·70	6·68	6·68	6·66
—04	—04	—04	—04	—04
				1914
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Jan.-Feb.
6·63	6·53	6·37	6·23	6 23
—04	—03	—03	—04	—04

New Orleans 10 a.m. March 12·53 May. 11·16.

NEW YORK— Sales.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	17,000
" Receipts at " last year ...	4 ,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	1·,·00
Exports to Continent ...	25,000
Spot Cotton ...	closed
Futures—Month of Mar.	New York market closed.
Futures—Month of May.	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ...	12 3-4+1-8
Futures month of Mar. ...	12·33+01
Futures month of May. ...	12·82+03
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Steady

NEILL BROTHERS REPORT.

"Our Circular is rather bullish crop looks 14 1-4 million. The consumption is 14 1-4 million.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat White Karachi ... ... No sellers
Do. Months ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... No sellers
Do Months— ... .
Tone—Firm.
Wheat afloat for U. K. 2,590,000

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Austrian Wheat ... ... 38 Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. ... 52 1-2+1-4
Do. Months— ... Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports— Dunkirk—Done
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...51 1-4+1
Do. Months— ... Apl.-May
Do. Name of Ports,— Dunkirk—Done
Brown Cawnpore ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— .....
Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 49 2-4—1
Do. Months— ... March-May
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers
Tone—Quiet
Linseed Calcutta ... ... 46 3 unchgd
Do. Months— ... Apl-June
Do. Name of Ports—London—Value—Dull
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 41—1-9
Do. Months— ... Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.

COTTONSEED,—
Bombay Cottonseed Market ... 27 2 0+0 0+9d
Feb.-mar.—Hull—Done—Firmer

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... ... 13 1-2 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... ... 4s 2 3-4+1-16d
Feb.-Mar.—Value—Firmer.

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B	...£ 66 1-4 unchgd
Copper Braziers	...£ 81 1-2 unchgd
Yellow Metal	...£ 7 1-8 unchgd

FREIGHTS—
Coals—Cardiff, to Bombay Coanal... 13·0 Value.
BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 39 3
" " Mutton Tallow ... 41 0
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Dull.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 12 11 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipment.. May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Small business at about previous rates.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... ... 12s 6 3-4 unchgd
Do Months of Shipments ... Mar.-Aug.—Value.
Tone— Nothing doing.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 9 1-2—1-4d
Months of Shipments ... May—Sellers
Tone—Opened steady. Closed quiet.
S A B & Similar Crystal C & F India ... ... 13 10 1-2+1 1-2d.
Months of Shipments ... Apl-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Higher prices asked out very little doing.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 12 1 1-2 unchgd
Month of Shipments ... Feb.—Value.
Tone—Quiet.
Java Sugar—Practically nothing doing.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [13TH Feb., 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
2 Boxes Bullion	1,22,880	London	Mercantile Bank
10 Boxes Sovereigns	7,50,000	Port Said	do
10 Boxes Bullion	7,·5,928	London	Chartered Bank
1 Box Gold Coins	31,200	Marseilles	do
10 Boxes Sovereigns	7,50,000	Port Said	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 11th Feb., 1913.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway...	43	51,278
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	41	49,334

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—
Bank of Bengal rate since 13th Feb. 1913 7 p. c.
Bank of Bombay " " 27th Dec. 1912 8 "
Bank of Madras " " 31st Dec. " 8 "

The Cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 96 lakhs up and the Bank rate is reduced 1 per cent. and now stands at 7 per cent.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened weak at 1s. 4d. T.T., 1s. 4d 1-32 on Demand and 1s. 4d. 5-16 for 3 months sight Credits. There has been litttle enquiry for Bank remittance, and there are still few 3 months bills offering. Far Eastern rates are steady.

Tone—Steady.
We quote:—
T. T. on London ...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft ...1s. 4 1-16
Credits 3 months' sight ...1s. 4 5-16 to 11-32d.
Do. do forward ...1s. 4 9-32d. Apl.
Do. do France ...171 1-2
Do. do Marks ...139 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...149 1-4
Shanghai " ...205 3-4
Japan " ...149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened to unchanged at 95 5-16 for Cash and the settlement, and has remained unchanged during the day with a small business doing. At the close rates are a little easier as under:—

Tone—Steady.
We quote:—
Cash ... Rs. 95 4 0 Buyers.
Settlement ... " 95 4 0 do

BULLION:—

There was no change in rates for bar silver in London yesterday, the market remaining steady at 28 7-16 for ready and 28 11-16 for forward. The New York market was closed. The local market opened steadier at 73 1-8 ex duty for the first settlement and closes 1-16 easier. A moderate business has been done. Bar Gold is steady.

Tone—Steady.
We quote:—
English Bar Gold ... ... Rs. 24 0 0
Australian " ... ... " 23 15 6
Sovereigns ... ... " 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)
Ready ... ... " 72 14 0
1st Settlement ... ... " 73 1 0
2nd Settlement ... ... " 72 4 0
Silver (cum duty)
Ready ... ... " 82 4 0
1st Settlement ... ... " 82 7 0
2nd Settlement ... ... " 81 10 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The New York market was closed yesterday for a holiday, but New Orleans was 1-8 up in spot and 4 to 6 points higher in future. Locally the market opened steady, the rate for good Broach being Rs.328-29. There has been some enquiry for Oomras for March delivery, but sellers are not anxious to operate at all freely at present prices, and only a small business is reported. At the close the market and rates are as under:—

For ready cotton there has been a fair enquiry and prices keep steady.

QUOTATIONS:—

Fine M. G. Broach	Rs.	329	March.
Good M. G. Broach	"	328-9	"
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hingughat ...	"	332	"
Fine M. G. Nagpur	"	330	"
Fine M. G. Yeotmal	"	326	"
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon ...	"	323	"
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	"	317-18	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	"	2 9	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	290	"
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	281-2	"
Sawginned Dharwar ...	"	333	Apl.-May

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	...Quiet, steady.	
Estimated Sales ...	... 7,000	(?)
Total Imports ...	... 10,000	(?)

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr	Apr.-May.
6·71	6·71	6·69
+01	+01	+01
May-June.	June-July.	July-August.
6·69	6·67	6 61
+01	+02	+01
Aug.-Sept	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·55	6·37	6·20
+ 2	+ 2	+02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market is quiet but steady.
We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 8 8 0 B.T.
Apl-May ... ... " 9 4 0 B.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is firm.
We quote:—
Brown Delhi Apl-May ... ...Rs. 8 11 0 B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready ... " 7 13 0
Yellow " ... " 8 10 0

JINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Steadier.
Bold White 85 p.c. ... Rs. 60 0 0
Mimbara ... ... " 61 8 0
Black Kutni ... ... " 59 8 0
Red Khandwa ... " 55 8 0

POPPYSEED:—
Tone—Steadier. We quote:—
Forward ... Rs. 12 10 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 37 8 0
Forward ... ... " Rs. 34 12 0 B T

COTTONSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS:—
Tone—Firm.
We quote:—
Bold ... ... Rs. 51 0 0
Small ... ... " 49 0 0

WHEAT:—
The market is firm.
We quote:—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 9 0 B T
White Delhi Apl.-May ... " 5 11 0 B.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,675
Bank of India	£5 1-2
Eastern Bank	92
Indian Specie	70 1-2

MILLS.

David	497 1-2
Kohinoor	800
Manockji Petit	3,125
New Great Eastern	282 1-2
Standard	1,251 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary —	1/4
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	177 X D
Bombay S N Cotly	260 C D
Bombay Telephone Co.	59 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,525
Shivrajpur mining Syndicate ...	22

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	582 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m., yesterday:—

Cotton	14,535	bales.
Wheat	22,622	cwts.
Linseed	2,644	"
Rapeseed	349	"
Gingellyseed	11,955	"
Poppyseed	nil	
Groundnuts...	7 732	"
Castorseed	2,581	"
Rice	7,639	"
Myrabolams...	5,135	"
Cottonseed	22,480	"
Mowrassed	nil	
Gram	3,679	"
Joowar	1,100	"
Maize	nil	
Barley	3,216	"

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.

Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 16,000 Bales
Exports to Great Britain ... 11 0 0
Exports to Continent ... ... 25,000 do.
Spot Cotton at New York ... Closed
Future Cotton at New York—Mar.. do
Future Cotton at New York—May... do
Tone Market at closing Spot do

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... 12 3-4+1-8
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Mar. 12·63+4
Future Cotton at New Orleans—May. 12·62+6
Opening tone of Market— Steady
Closing tone of Market ... do

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot ... ...Steady and closed quiet but Steady
Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures ... ... Quiet but steady
Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indian ... ... do.
Total Day's Sales ... ... 8,000 bales.
Sales on spec and export ... ... 700 do
Total Sales of Surat ... .
Total Day's Imports 15,000
Coconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F. ... 5 9-16
Coconada Ginned—Ldn. C. I. F. ... 5 5-8
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ... ... 10·05
Good Bhowniggur ... ... 6 1 8d.
Good Bengal ... ... 5 10·16d.
F. G. Bengal ... ... 5 12·16d.
Fine Bengal ... ... 5 11·16d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn ... 6 3·16d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ... 6 2-5-32d.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns 11 1-8
40's Mule Twist (Bannermills) ... 11 1-4
Tone of Fine Yarns— Steady
Tone of Coarse Yarns— do

Mid American at Liverpool... ... 6 92—3

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G O C Liverpool.

Feb.-Mar.	6·70—4
Mar.-Apr.	6·70—4
Apr.-May	6·68—4
May-June	6·68—4
June-July	6·66—4
July-Aug.	6·63—4
Aug.-Sept....	6·53—3
Sept.-Oct.	6·37—3
Oct.-Nov.	6·23—4

MANCHESTER, Feb. 12.

Manchester Piece Goods Market—
Quiet and little business doing—Jaconet Dhooties are easier with less enquiry—There is demand from China for staples.

LONDON, Feb. 12.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...Apl.-June—Ldn.— 46 Sellers
Do. Bombay ex-ship (per 416lbs) ... Feb.-Mar.—Hamburg—51 3 "
Do. La Plata...Feb.-Mar.—Hamburg—45 3 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Firm
Do. Tendency of the Market— .....
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes. Feb.—£27 7 6
do ...Apr.-May.—£26-15-0 "
Do. Tone of Market at close ... .
Do. total afloat for U. K.... ... 170 000 qrs
Poppyseed Canal...Feb.-Mar.—Hburg— 69 6 "
Do. Tone of Market Close— Firm
Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship ...Feb.-Mar.—Antwerp 51 3 "
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship...Feb.-Mar.—Antwerp— 52 6 "
Do, Ferozepore usual bold ... Feb.-Mar,—Antwerp— Nomi
Do. Jamba Red ... ... do
Do. Tone of Market at close ... Firm
Cotton seed, Bombay parcels ... Feb.-Mar.—Holl—£7-1-6— "
Do. Tone of Market at Close... ... Quiet
Gingelly Seed. Bombay 15 p.c....Feb.-Mar.—London 63 "
Wheat. Choice white Karachi ...Feb.-Mar.—London— 40 6
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) —Feb.-Mar.—London 40 3
Do. Club No. 2.. Feb.-Mar —London 42 6
Do. Choice white Delhi...Feb.-March London Nomi
Do. Tone of Market at Close Steady
Do. South Australian ... .
Do. Rozario Santa Fe. 62 lbs.... No Sellers
Do. Red Graded American per central Mar.— ... 7 5 7-8
Do. Afloat to U. K. ... ...
LONDON, Feb. 12.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Feb.—9 7 1-2 —Sellers
German Beet. ot. 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Mar.—9 9 3-4—Sellers
" Closing Tone of Market ... Steady
German Granulated C. and F. India. (double Bags) Feb.-Mar.—12 7 1-2—Sellers
German Granulated C. and F. India. (double Bags) Mar.-Apl.—12 8 1-4 —Sellers
German Closing Tone Market— Steady.

"WHAT is UTRODINE" one often asks when the Physician recommends it. It is a very palatable Tonic and sedative for all the functional disorders of women. A purely vegetable preparation, equally useful to mothers and to growing damsels. Literature post free from MADON, SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and the Principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.

BOGIE STOCK, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.

RESTAURANT CAR.

EASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

DOWN from Bombay. H. M.		UP to Bombay. H. M.
19-15 ..Dep.	Bombay ....Arr.	12-35
0-23...Arr.	Manmad..... "	7-12
10-31... "	Bhopal ..... "	21- 5
12-58... "	Bina ..... "	18-35
15-26... "	Jhansi..... "	15-32
17-23... "	Gwalior ..... "	13-42
19-34... "	Agra Cantonment..... "	11-20
20-36... "	Muttra ..... "	10-19
23- 0... "	Delhi ..... Dep.	8- 0
23-25...Dep.	Delhi ..... Arr.	7-28
2-52...Arr.	Amballa Cantonment..... "	2-51
5-29... "	Ludhiana ..... "	1-13
5-58... "	Phillaur ..... "	0-50
6-37... "	Jullundur ..... "	0- 6
8-19... "	Amritsar ..... "	22-24
9-25... "	Lahore..... "	18-13
14-23... "	Lala Musa ..... "	15-35
18-36... "	Rawalpindi..... "	11-29
23-18... "	Peshawar Cantonment...Dep.	6-54

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND SIMLA.

DOWN H. M.		UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
23- 0.....Arr.	Delhi Dep.	8- 0
23-25.....Dep.	Delhi Arr.	7-28
2-52.....Arr.	Amballa Dep.	3-55
3-35.....Dep.	Amballa Arr.	2-51
5-28.....Arr.	Kalka Dep.	1- 0
6-15.....Dep.	Kalka Arr.	0-15
12-48.....Arr.	Simla .....Dep.	18- 0

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.

DOWN H. M.		UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
16-15..... "	Jhansi..... "	15- 5
18- 7.....Arr.	Orai..... "	13- 8
20-14..... "	Cawnpore ..... "	10-55
21-45..... "	Lucknow.....Dep.	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. Bomboll,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Austrian Crystals B. B. B. C. and F. India Feb.-Mar.—12 7 1-2 —Sellers
Austrian Crystals B. B. B. C. and F. India ...Mar.-Apl.—12 8 1-4 —Sellers
Do. Closing Tone of Market ... .
Mauritius Crystals ...Feb.—12 3 "
Do. Closing Tone of Market ... .
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— Feb.-Mar.—13 10 1-2 "
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags— Mar.-Apl.—14 "
Do. Closing Tone of Market.— Steady
LONDON, Feb. 12.

JAVA SUGAR.

	Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ... Feb.-Mar.—12 4 1-2	
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ... June —11	
Java Sugar 16 1- (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ... July-Dec.—10 7 1-2	
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ... Feb.-Mar.—12 6	
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ... June—11 1-2	
Java Sugar 16 18 (Aver ge 17) Bombay or Karachi ... July-Dec.—10 9	
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... Feb.-Mar.—12 10 1-2	
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Calcutta ... June—12 1 1-2	
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... July-Dec.—12	
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi Feb.-Mar.—13	
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi June—12 3	
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi July-Dec.—12 1 1-2	
Closing Tone of Market ... Quiet	
Special Feature ... ... Unchanged.	

LONDON, Feb. 12.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	28 7-16
Silver 2 months ...	28 11-16
" Closing Tone of Market—Steady	
" Tendency, etc, of the Market—	
Rentes 3 per cent	£ 89
Consols 2 1-2 per cent ...	£ 74 1-2
Indian Stock 3 1-2 per cent ...	£ 91
Sterling loan	£ 91
Govt Securities, 3 per cent ...	£ 77 1-8
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ...	£ 63 3-4
Bar Gold per oz	77-9
Opening Tone of Finance Market—	Steady.
Closing " "	Quiet
Bank of England Rate of Discount	5 p c
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight.	1 3 7-8
London at Paris Fcs	25·24
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	20·48
New York (Demand Bills) dols ...	4 87 3-8
Interest day to day loans ...	4 5 8
" 7 days Market loans ...	4 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months sight.	4 13-16
" " 6 " "	4 5-16
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ...	5 1-8
" " 6 " ...	5 1-8

LONDON, Wednesday, Feb. 12.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for...Rs 100,00,000

Rupees 12, 0,00 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 2,20,000 do to Bombay.
" 70,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 15,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·01.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—
Rupees 44,20,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 25,20,000 do to Bombay.
" 15,20,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 84,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 7 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·05.

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale... ...Rs. 1,10,00 000
Amount to be allotted next week ...Rs. 1,00,00,000

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 13.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ...	8,000
Tone of Market ...	... Quiet but steady

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool—

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
Feb-Mar. ...	6·70	6·71
Mar-Apl. ...	6·70	6·71
Apl.-May ...	6·68	6·69
May-June ...	6·68	6·69
June-July ...	6 66	6·67
July-Aug. ...	6·63	6·65
Aug.-Sept. ...	6·53	6·55
Sept.-Oct. ...	6 37	6·39
Oct.-Nov. ...	6·23	6·20

Prices taken at 10-5 a.m.

SIND LIGHT RAILWAYS, LD.

The approximate earnings for the week ending 25th January, 1913, were Rs. 5,550, making the total earning for the period 1st January, 1913, to 25th January, 1913, Rs. 18,030.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

ROSS—February 3, at Lansdowne, the wife of Capt. E. J. Ross, 8th Gurkha Rifles, of a daughter.

HINGSTON—February 6, at Simla, the wife of Major G. B. Hingston, R.E., of a daughter.

DEATH.

MILNE—February 7, at Cooch Behar, Edward Cyril Milne, Asst. Engr., E. B. S. Ry., aged 26 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Mail steamer Salsette due at 6 a. m.
"Maidania," 5-30 p.m. to 11-30 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 6-30 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 12 p.m.

Maxim: Be clear in what you say when you forgive or punish, and be not boisterous in your promise.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. "Salsette" will leave Bombay harbour on Saturday next, at 2-39 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8-30	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...	...	*
do do for Calcutta ...	...	*
do do for Madras... ...	...	*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	17-0

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. C. H. Barnard, V.D, and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallaudaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day:—

March ..... Bavarda..... Starke
Overtura ... ... Le Domino Noir..... Auber
Op 101 No 7 ... Humoreske ... ... Dvarak
Idyl ..... The Glow-Worm ..... Lincke
Selection ..... The Sunshine Girl ... Rubens
Valse ..... Andalusische Liebes-träum ..... Friedmann
Selection ... ... Peggy..... L S uart
Gallop ..... Iris..... Faust

RADIO TELEGRAMS.—The Karachi Radio Office has been in touch with the transport "Dongola" since 2 a. m., yesterday. Radio messages will be accepted up to 10 a. m. of the 16th.

NEW HONORARY MAGISTRATE.—Mr. Dost Mahomed Pir Mahomed is appointed a Justice of the Peace and an Honorary Magistrate within the limits of the town of Bombay.

ADVISORY COMMITTEES.—Government has been pleased to extend to the town of Ranagiri, and the talukas of Surat, Broach, Thana, West Khandesh, and Kolaba, the system of local Advisory Committees to deal with questions regarding the number and location of liquor shops.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—The usual monthly conversational meeting of the Brotherhood will be held at the headquarters of the Brotherhood, at Girgaon, on Saturday, the 15th instant, between the hours of 5-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S. T.). The Senior Class of the Students' Brotherhood will meet on Sunday, the 16th instant, at 9 a.m. (S.T.), in the hall of the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, when Prof. P. A. Wacha, M.A., will conduct the class, and will expound Robert Browning's "Pauline." The Junior Class of the Brotherhood will meet at 9 a. m. (S. T.), in the hall of the Aryan Education Society's Schools, Girgaon, on Sunday, 16th instant, and will be conducted by Mr. P. L. Thaker, B.A., LL. B.

AMUSEMENTS.

MRS. SARASWATHI BAI.

Another concert by Mrs. C. Saraswathi Bai has been billed for the 15th inst., which the hon. Mr. Justice F. C. O. Beaman is going to patronise and be present on the occasion. Last week the lady exhibited her talents in both Hindustani and South Indian music before the Poona public, and was acknowledged by them, unanimously, to be a great scientific singer, possessing a most melodious voice. As a matter of fact, she is the only lady in the whole of India who can exhibit talents in both schools of music viz., the North Indian and the South Indian, in a most scientific manner. The leading vernacular Press of Poona ("Kesari" and "Dnyan Prakash") whose editors were present, published appreciative accounts of her performance.

This week's programme has been very happily selected and the Bombay public have before them a good opportunity to enjoy most scientific music, and that too by a respectable lady possessing a most remarkable voice. Messrs. Soundy and Co.'s enterprising spirit is shown in organising such a rare and entertaining concerts. The plan is filling rapidly.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay city, reported from 6 a.m. on the 12th February to 6 a.m. on the 13th February:—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	7	5
Total mortality for to-day from all causes..... ...		104

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending February 8, was 609, giving a death-rate of 32·33 per annum per thousand, as against 699 the corresponding period of last year, and 741 the average over the past five years. Of the total number, 61 died from fevers; 26, plague; 3, small-pox; 5, measles; 4, cholera; 2, leprosy; 28, phthisis; 29, diseases of the nervous system; 186, affections of the respiratory organs; 45, diarrhœa; 16, dysentery; 29, still-born; 80, old age debility; 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 22; Brahmin, 21; Lingaet, 0; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 302; Hindu low caste, 52; Musalman, 138; Parsee, 30; Jew, 5; Native Christian, 30; Eurasian, 0; European, 3; Negro-African, 0; Buddhist, 0; other and unknown castes, 0. The total number of births was 345 as against 436 for the corresponding period of last year, and 375 the average over the past five years.

MR. DUDLEY MYERS has left Lahore for Delhi. Mr. E. W. Parker, barrister, has taken charge of the local interests of the European Defence Association in Lahore, pending formation of the Punjab branch.

CL

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kanzler 1365 tons, Captain F. Schapp, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Durban via intermediate Ports with a general cargo and passengers.

The Asiatic S. N. Co.'s steamer Begum, 2,942 tons, Captain R. M. Dooley, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta via coast ports, with general cargo.

The steamer Arcadia, 3412 tons, Captain H. T. Barber, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hamburg etc. with a general cargo.

The steamer Tantah, 1,114 tons, Captain L. Simms, sailed yesterday for Suez via Aden and Jeddah, with a general cargo and 2 deck passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR AND R.I.M. VESSELS.

I M S Highflyer..Capt R A Nugent...R N Flagship
I M S Alert ... .Comdr H G Somerville ....Sloop
I M S Sphinx .. ....Comdr Geo J Todd ....Spl Ser St
I M S Hardinge ..Comdr O H Gibson ....Transshipe.
I M S Dalhousie..... omdr Sh arme ..... R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR —FEB. 13.

Ogdos.....1,940 Thomson .....Bo and A S N Co
Arcadia.....3513 Barcham..... .....P & O Co
Arcadia.....3412 Koeber.....W & A G & Co
Begum.....2443 Dooley..... .....T M & Co
Chilterns Range.....3718 R a ...Liverpool ...W & A G & Co
Clan Sinclair.....3231 Smith ....J F & Co
Dench..... ... .35 2 Welch ....
Canadian Transport ...2653 Ballantine...W & A G & Co
Dunrobin .....2119 Carr..... .....W & A G & Co
Florence ....993 Richardson ....B P S N Co
India .....1193 Gordon...Shanghai...26-2...P & O Co
Kasara..... ....501 King ... .M M & Co
Koweit.....2335 Brewes..... .. ..Arab Steamers ... .2665 Winsnes ... .T M and Co
Marmoris..... ..Comdr Mahlis .....Turkish G Boat
Mozaffer... .. .. 250 Nacodi ... .Persian Govt
Mayna ....771 Maude ....M M & Co
Pentakota..... ....2209 Stewart ....M M & Co
Samana .....3464 Gray..... .....Standard Oil Co
Sutherland.....2277 Longstaff .....The Bombay Co
Shah Jehan..... .. ..68 Nacola ....Nazoda
Umlata..... .....1631 Keeble.....W and A G and Co
Vadala .....21 4 Lyall ....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK, FEB 13.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Cases.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Ismalia..... .. ..33 1 Holgson..... .....M M & Co					
B City of Glasgow...4179 Finlay ...Liverpool...K N & Co					
D&E Benin .....2733 Cole...NP ..12-2 ...K Nixon & Co					
F Clan Macgillivray...3107 Ridgeway...1-2 J F & Co					
H Bridge ....650 Folman Bangkok..... F F & Co					
N Vorces ...2489 Rebel Barrow-in-Furness.....15-2 .. J Finlay & Co					
P Werdenfels .....3791 Gouws...W & A Graham & Co					
Q Rahmani .....1-72 Hughes .....Bo & P S N Co					

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Inglemoor... .. ..2755 Stonehouse.....Mares Line... Ralli Bro					
2 Elysia ....3308 Connelly .... W and A G and Co					
3 Sardegna ...3225 Mozzi ....Genoa 15-2 ..R Line					
4 City of Lucknow...2371 Simpson ...Liverpool...16-2... K N & Co					
5 Tantah..... .. ..1114 Simms .. ..Jelab ....13-2... T M & Co					
6 Catalonne .....2416 Olliver.....Antwerp... 22-2 .. W & A G & Co					
7 Semiramis .....21 7 Pavisich ..Trieste.....16-2... A L S N Co					
8 Rangoon Maru .....3139 Kamoshita...N Y Kaisha					
12 & 13 Egypt.....4207 Summers... ..London...22-2... P & O Co					
15 Gorjestan... .....2378 Paramor.....Antwerp...19-2 M M & Co					
13 Kanzler...1315 Schapp...Durban..16-2 ..A Strauss H W P D					
Indravati..... .....513 Isaac ... .Po S N Co					
Saramati .....524 Mohomed .....Po S N Co					
Kaveri ....753 Mahomed .....Bo S N Co					
Saraswati .. ..413 Ebram .....Bo S N Co H W D					
Lhasa .....950 Carbash ... .Kohl ...11-2... M M & Co					
M W D					
Lawoz ....1317 Boon ....Mauritius ....7-2... D Kandwara					

ARRIVALS

Feb	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
12	Kanzler	Schapp	Durban, Jan 12
	Begum	Dooley	Calcutta, Jan 9
	I M S Dalhousie	Shearme	Karachi, Feb 7
	Arca in	Xarbe.....	Hamburg, Jan 6

DEPARTURES.

Feb	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
12	Baroda	Cockin	Persian Gulf
	Dwarka	Moxim	Persian Gulf
	Naderi	Geddie	Persian Gulf
	Mohammadi	Ookerji	Jeddah
13	Tantah	Simms	Suez

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Kanzler for Durban, &c.
" Begum for Calcutta, &c.
" Kasara for Persian Gulf.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Athens, passed Suez on the 13th instant and is due to arrive here at noon on the 23rd instant.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Gablonz, from Trieste, left Aden on the 12th instant and is due here on Sunday night the 16th instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Circassia, arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the evening of the 10th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEB. 13

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Lucknow s—16 cwts myrabollams J M Billimoria and Co ; 17,000 cwts myrabollams P Mathooradas and Co ; 459 cwts gum. G Sojpal.

Elysia s—219 bales hemp Hirji Govindjee 320 cwts linseed oil cakes F F Campbell and Co; 1,339 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

City of Glasgow s—400 bales cotton 100 bales cotton waste, Solomon.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—32 bales hemp, Ebjie Oomersey ; 95 cwts old cubbey A H A Shaiwalla ; 12 bales hides, P E Bayce and Sons.

FOR GLASGOW.

Elysia s—2,678 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros ; 1,500 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas and Co ;

FOR NEW YORK.

Rabenfels —37 cwts gum, M Jofferbhai ; 150 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 971 cwts myrabollams, S Cooverjie and Co ; 2,000 cwts myrabollams, P Mathooradas and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Rabinfels s—150 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons ; 975 cwts myrabollams S Coverjie and Co.

FOR BOSTON.

Rabinfels s—78 bales cotton waste W Wolf and Sons.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gorjistan s—1,000 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co; 500 tons manganese ore, The Shivrapur Syndicate Ltd.

Catalone s—35 bales skins Bashid.

Wardenfels s—407 cwts castorseed, G Bhimjee; 197 cwts groundnuts Ebjee Oomersey 70 bales cottonfly and waste W Wolf and Sons.

FOR HAMBURG.

Benin s—1,000 cwts maize, 500 cwts groundnuts, K Devchand and Co; 30 bales hemp Riddle Reeve and Co.

Wardenfels s—4 cwts kajoo J Permanand and Co.

Chiltern Range s—708 bales cottonfly, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Glasgow s—2,000 cwts wheat, S Cooverji and Co.

Elysia s—336 cwts wheat, J Fachiri.

FOR GENOA.

Sardegna s—1 bale carpets, B J Gorio and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Elysia s—100 bales cotton, The Bombay and Co.

FOR HONG KONG.

Rangoon Maru s—500 bales twist, M B Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Rangoon Maru s— 500 bales twist, M B Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Rangoon Maru s—600 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co; 100 bales cotton, Mitchell and Co., 220 bales cotton Tata Sons and Co; 1,561 bales cotton M B Kaisha ; 200 bales cotton, M Amersey, and Co; 200 bales cotton, R D Master and Co.

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Rangoon Maru s—1,700 bales cotton, M B Kaisha; 2,800 bales cotton, The Japan C T Co; Ltd., 650 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR OSAKA.

Rangoon Maru s—900 bales cotton, The Japan C T and Co.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	5 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester Brand 125 deg.... ..	5 0 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 12 2	do.
Tigor Brand 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 3 0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 3 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 3 0	do.
do. do. 125° (in bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All cans oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Colaba and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are hereby informed that the Proprietors of the NATIONAL PRINTING PRESS, Fort, Bombay, have purchased the 'Crown Electric Printing Works', in Public Auction.

It is hardly necessary to mention, that our firm Estd. in 1875, is the oldest firm of PRINTERS, STATIONERS, ENGRAVERS, Etc., WELL-KNOWN IN INDIA.

Now we request the large circle of our Patrons as well as the Old Customers of the late Crown Printing Works, to extend to us their kind sympathy and support, as they have so far done; and we assure them that we shall do all that lies in our power to give them entire satisfaction.

We have, owing to growing business, removed our Printing Department to the premises of our late Contemporaries.

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9½ inch by 4½ inch...Annas 14 per " *
*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge Rs. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
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LITERATURE IN MUSIC.

PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT,
MAROKS & Co., Ltd.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 14th February, 1913.

INDIAN COTTON EXPERIMENTS.

THE annual report of Professor Gammie, the Imperial Cotton Specialist in India, on the progress made by his department, is not so pessimistic as Mr. Keatinge's account of the work of the Agricultural Department in Bombay, but both officers have practically similar difficulties to contend with. The indifference of the farmers and their lack of enterprise constitute the chief obstacle to improvement and more profitable cultivation. Professor Gammie finds consolation, however, in the fact that though, in some parts of the country well known staples have deteriorated as a consequence of careless cultivation and treatment, he has from other districts sound proof that the cultivators realise the value of what is being done for them. They require a vast amount of education though, as well as phenomenal patience. Even when they have grown good cotton, their treatment of it lowers its marketable value; and in Lyallpur, for example, a splendid crop grown from Dharwar "risala" seed, was found to be stored in large iron cisterns, fifteen to twenty feet high—not loosely packed, but pressed hard, a procedure which is sure to spoil the staple and colour, and increase the waste in the blow-room. With regard to American cotton in Lyallpur, it is recorded that generally there is an apathy to cultivate it as it gives less percentage of lint and long-stapled cotton, and requires more care than "deshi kapas." The Agricultural Farm is striving hard to select such American seed as would suit the climate and give a better percentage of lint and long-stapled cotton. During the short period of its existence, it has distributed various sorts of American seeds among the farmers and hence the trouble, as many of the American varieties are not suitable to the climate. The farmer also gives the American the same treatment as his "deshi" sorts, though as the fibre of the American cotton is very thin and fine, special care is essential in picking and handling. But if proper methods are pursued throughout, there is a splendid future for American cotton in the Lyallpur district. The soil is rich and from the farmer's point of view, the soil that gives good wheat can also yield a good cotton crop. To make the American cotton grown in India commercially successful, it is held essential that particular care be taken in picking.

The need of care and methodical treatment of the cotton crops from the earliest opening of the soil is urged upon cultivators by Professor Gammie, who accentuates the fact that on the Central Provinces experimental farm, where much attention is being paid to experiments with the different manures, the excellent crops that clothe the field are largely the result of high manuring. The neighbouring cultivators can see this for themselves, yet, it appears that most of them grudge to pay even twelve annas for a cart-load of cattle-dung, though its manurial value for cotton is at least twice that. Says Professor Gammie, the cultivator who neglects to manure his land is a loser, because by withholding one small item of expenditure, namely manure, he lessens very considerably the effectiveness of the other items—cost of cultivation, seed and supervision. Increased outturns have been obtained on the farm from the use of cattle-dung, poudrette and saltpetre, both for cotton and juar. In the opinion of the Imperial Cotton Specialist poudrette, easily obtained from the large towns in Berar, is the most economical manure, though other commodities are nearer at hand but are utterly neglected. Nitrogenous fertilisers, such as nitrate of soda and saltpetre, when used as a top-dressing after the application of cattle-dung have also given very good results and it will pay to use them as a manure for cotton, to supplement the inadequate supply of cattle-dung so long as the price of that staple remains high. This, we suppose, will be always, for whereas it should be used for the fields it is invariably employed as fuel, and the soil remains poor in consequence. Long years must pass, we fear, before any change in this respect is effected, the cultivators being too conservative for rapid progress; in illustration of which fact, we may quote the report on a set of samples sent by Messrs. Tata and Sons and the Bombay Cotton Trades Association, wherein the Economic Botanist writes : "They are splendid cottons, especially in the length and strength of their fibres and every help and encouragement should be given for their cultivation on an extensive scale. If the cultivation of this cotton turn out a commercial success it will solve the problem of obtaining a long staple cotton from the British territory. We are afraid, however, that the dream is difficult of realisation. The exotic has to contend with the soil and climate as well as with the apathy, indifference, ignorance and prejudice of the Indian cultivator."

So far as the Bombay Presidency is concerned, some definite conclusions have been arrived at. At Surat, it has been decided to make a reduction in the number of varieties, so as to simplify the work, and to discontinue the cultivation of tree cottons as not one has given a useful result. At the Ganeshkhind Botanical Garden it has been proved that Bourbon only lasts for six years which is far short of the twenty years of life claimed for it. At Dhulia, it has been found that the white-flowered Varhadi excels in yield and ginning percentages, having produced fifteen hundred pounds of seed cotton per acre of a value of over two hundred rupees. Comparing price and out-turn, it easily outstrips in value all other Khandesh or Berar cottons; whereas Karkeli, although of very high quality, does not yield sufficiently well to be remunerative. At Dharwar, Cambodia cotton has not continued to be immune from red leaf. Bhuri again did badly, suffering from the red leaf blight, believed to be the disease known as the Mosaic in the United States, and appearing to be less suitable than Cambodia for the conditions obtaining at Dharwar. At Gadag, Cambodia cotton has been proved to be the best substitute for Dharwar American cotton in the eastern part of the Dharwar district, as it surpasses it in both yield and ginning percentage. All American cottons are found to require considerable acclimatization. Experiments, however, are still being persevered with towards the introduction of cotton into areas of land lying waste, partly owing to the damage liable to be caused by wild pigs, which, by the way, do not attack cotton. The demand for Naosari and Cambodia cottonseed is steadily increasing in the Karnatic and it fetches more encouraging prices than the local Kumpta and Dharwar American. Professor Gammie's report serves to show that Government is fulfilling the wishes of the Cotton Growing Association as well as the needs of the Indian cultivator, but it also serves to demonstrate that no remarkably rapid advancement can reasonably be anticipated here, whatever may be achieved in other countries.

IMPORTANCE OF VOLUNTEERING.

WE are interested in an article, which is published in the *Englishman*, describing the glee and enthusiasm with which Calcutta Volunteers have greeted the news that they are to join in a Calcutta defence scheme, similar, apparently, to that in which Bombay Volunteers take part every year. It seems to be regarded as an overwhelming compliment that Calcutta Volunteers are taken seriously, and are asked to join in operations, in which regular troops will be engaged. The general trend of the article is one which can only make us think the Calcutta Volunteers are a pretty soft lot. It asks, "How many of the Calcutta Volunteers are in a condition to march even fifteen miles, and how many could spend a single night without cover." One of the questions which needs settling, says the *Englishman*, is whether the Calcutta Volunteers "are capable of enduring a very ordinary amount of fatigue and whether their regimental equipment, organisation and discipline are capable of standing the strain of even one hard day's work in the field." This will seem very strange reading to volunteers in Western India. Nobody troubles to ask them whether they can bear a little fatigue or can sleep in a hard paddy field. They find they have got to do it, whether they want to or not, and therefore like sensible men they put up with it cheerfully. Unless our contemporary is sadly misrepresenting them, a little of that spirit will be a very good thing for the Volunteers of Calcutta. Again, the *Englishman* makes a curious remark. It says, "there are very large numbers of men who can be volunteers, but are not, because volunteering in Calcutta provides neither excitement nor interest, and because the movement, as a whole, has in it elements which excite ridicule." If there are any of those lazy fools in Calcutta, who cast ridicule on the volunteer force and who, we remember, used to do so much harm to the volunteer movement at Home, let Calcutta take steps to suppress them. We have not very many of them in Bombay, for they soon find that they are not popular. We would recommend the Calcutta Volunteers to take themselves and their duties a little more seriously and they will soon get over their surprise at being put to work with regulars. Volunteering has been taken seriously by the men in Bombay, and only last week they had a gratifying instance of the seriousness with which it is regarded by the military authorities. This year not only are they being inspected by the brigade commander, but the divisional commander from Poona, General Sir Arthur Barratt, is making special journeys to Bombay, in order to inspect the various corps. A few days ago, addressing the men of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, he gave striking evidence of the importance which the authorities all attach to the volunteer movement. He said he could assure the men that the military authorities took a most serious view of the volunteering movement, and if at any time the volunteers might appear to be in any way neglected, it was only because there were more urgent demands to be met. The volunteers were allotted duties in all schemes of defence that had been prepared. It is such recognition as this that spurs the genuine volunteer to greater efforts to attain the fullest efficiency in his duties, should he ever be called upon to perform them actively in the field.

JUNAGADH'S ZENANA HOSPITAL.

THE ceremony, in which Lord Sydenham joined at Junagadh on Tuesday, provided us with unlooked-for support to our remarks yesterday on the advantages of the British administration of native States, when such administration is necessary. Junagadh is under administration, its Nawab being a young ruler of some twelve years only, who shortly, it is rumoured, is to go with his tutor for a period of residence in England. During his minority, the State is being administered by a British civilian, Mr. Laurence Robertson, who will be remembered as being in Bombay, a few years ago, as his Excellency's Private Secretary. It is undoubtedly due to the influence of a British administration that the valuable building which His Excellency opened on Tuesday, has been provided. The late Nawab was a man, who gave generously to many charitable objects, and founded many beneficent institutions during his tenure of the *gadi*. Yet, in spite of the emphasis, which in recent years has been so abundantly laid on the need in India for women doctors who may attend on *purdahnashin* ladies, it did not occur to him to do anything to alleviate the pain of women sufferers in his State. It did not take a British officer very long, however, to perceive that this was one of the most urgent objects, to which private charity might be directed. Junagadh is a state in which medical aid for women is eminently needed, for in no State in Western India are the rules of the *purdah* more strictly imposed. So much is this the case, that even Hindu women, with the exception of course of the working classes, have observed the custom of going veiled. No *purdahnashin* woman, of course, could be attended by a male doctor. It would be better for her to die alone, and thus it is easy to realise the humane work, which will be carried on in such a Zenana Hospital as Mr. Robertson has initiated to be a memorial of the King-Emperor's Durbar. This is to be a public hospital for women; the first of its kind in Kathiawar, and as it has been established in the premier State of the peninsula, it is to be hoped that the smaller States will presently follow the example. At the same time, this building shows how even in a well-governed State, an *inter regnum* under British guidance may be of benefit as introducing and pointing the benefits of more advanced ideas, than might appeal to an Indian administrator.

AERIAL WAR.

THE Army Council, in its summary of the past year's training, lays special stress upon the work effected by the Royal Flying Corps during the manœuvres. It admits that the aircraft immediately disclosed the strategic movements attempted by both army commanders. It is pointed out, at the same time, that there were no conditions of umpiring or warfare to impede the free-lancing, in which the aeroplanes engaged. A military correspondent writes on the subject :—"As far as we can judge by recent wars, aeroplane reconnaissance during peace manœuvres and actual war conditions are two very different sciences. Neither Tripoli nor Thrace have brought much credit to the aerial scout. The Italian officers, after they found that their machines were vulnerable, were careful to fly at a height, from which flocks of goats could not be distinguished from troops, while in Thrace the only Bulgarian airman who attempted a reconnaissance of the Tchataldja lines was shot within half an hour by the Turks. If Turkish soldiers can wing aeroplanes at effective reconnaissance height, flying will not have much of a show, when it has to face well-trained troops. Our own flying corps is almost immobile for want of machines, as constructing firms cannot be brought to deliver them. Though the Government spent quite a large sum last summer in prize-money, the results have not given the intended impetus to the trade. Although the Cody biplane won the military test, this type of machine apparently does not find favour with pilots, and there are not half a hundred Codys to go with the machines." Thus, as we have always urged, it is only ridiculous to paint such alarmist pictures of the terrors, which have been added to war by the art of flying. It is fairly reasonable to argue that until the flier can learn to fly with greater security to himself during peace, he cannot be expected to be very dangerous to his enemy during war. When the time comes, at which the flying soldier shall be a really efficient fighter, the probabilities are that special means of resisting his attack, both in the air and on the ground, will have reached a degree of efficiency, which will rob him of much of his terror.

THE FRONTIER PROVINCE.

TWO noteworthy events are recorded in the administration report of the North-West-Frontier Province for 1911-12, to hand yesterday. First of these was the exceptionally bold, but abortive, rising of the Mullah Powindah and that section of the Mahsud tribe, which acknowledged his influence, against Government. The second was the extensive rising in Khost against the authority of the Amir. As to the former, it is explained, the attempt had for its object the restoration of the Mullah's waning influence with the tribe. Two thousand men took the field and the Political Agent was closely invested in the fort of Sarwakai. Prompt action on the part of the Derajat Brigade, however, led to the dispersal of the lashkar who complied with the punitive terms imposed upon them without demur. In the latter incident British interests were in no way involved, "though it resulted in the arrival in the Kurram Agency of a large number of defeated Afghan troops, who were hospitably received at Parachinar and eventually returned to their own country by way of the Paiwar Kotal. A large decrease in the number of raids is reported; the enlistment of Mahsuds for the regular army has proved a signal success, and the close of the year left us on good terms with all our troublesome neighbours. In the last decade steady progress has been made in the work of civilisation on the frontier and our relations with all tribes have improved. There is every prospect of further progress, but that the difficult question of the control of the arms traffic remains to be solved. Thousands of weapons have been smuggled into trans-frontier territory and the Khost outlaws have once more found their way back to the frontier of Afghanistan despite the Amir's formal prohibition. They may give us trouble; again they may not, but the Political Agent regards the fact he records as a shadow on the picture.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 22.

ROYALTY.

THE King and Queen will hold the first Courts of the Season on the 7th and 21st of next month. There will be a great gathering of the diplomatic world at the first function, while many interesting brides and debutantes are expected to make their appearance on the 21st. It is well known that the Queen favours early hours, and the Courts will commence punctually at 9-30, which will permit those who attend to go on to other social entertainments later in the evening. His Majesty has presented a portrait of King Edward to the National Portrait Gallery, where those of nearly all our rulers are to be seen. It is that fine, lifelike representation of his late Majesty, painted a short time before he died by Luke Fildes, wearing his Field Marshal's uniform under his splendid Coronation robes. It occupies a good position on first entering Room 30. It is good news that the Duchess of Connaught is so much better now. Indeed, the improvement in her condition is so marked that no further bulletins will be issued. It must be a great relief to the Duke and Princess Patricia. They are staying now at Mr. James Ross's house in Montreal, which he has placed at His Royal Highness's disposal. The news from Russia is varied and rather contradictory. The Czarewitch is apparently getting on but slowly, but he really is better. Then I heard a rumour that the Empress Marie has been suffering from influenza, and that the Czarina is in delicate health, which is the reason that she has not taken part in the Christmas and New Year (old style) festivities, and an interesting event is looked for in the spring. But I only give it to you as it was given to me.

ARE WE PRACTICAL?

There is still a tradition that the English are "practical." Of course, we ought to be practical. We have been called "a nation of shopkeepers," and it is hard that we should labour under the disadvantages of that description, which implies that our instincts are not particularly refined, if we are not to be credited with the advantages. All the same, an excellent article on "Cheap Living in France" which appeared recently in "Everyman" confirms the impression that we are in the highest degree unpractical. The French people remain our unrivalled teachers in the practical things of life. The practical genius of the French housewife is beyond dispute. The article in "Everyman," besides explaining why France is the poor man's paradise, the land of rigid economy, of cheap and comfortable living, has much that is interesting to say on the "dot" system, and warmly defends it. "The real motives for the institution of the 'dot' are all of a high and noble nature . . . . they are inspired by a spirit of austerity and self-sacrifice." Certainly the system creates a feeling of dignity and independence in the French woman. By insisting that she shall not be entirely dependent on her husband's income, she achieves something which is still lacking in English marriages, in spite of our claim that our women are more advanced than those of Latin nations.

BOMBAY'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Lord and Lady Willingdon, who are leaving for Bombay at the end of the month, have recently been entertaining several guests at Ratton, including Viscount Dangan, Sir John Willoughby, Mrs. Scott-Gatty, Mrs. Mackenzie, and Captain Murray. The appointment of Lord Willingdon to a Governorship has come as no surprise to his friends, but even they confess to mild astonishment at his selection as the King's representative in such a difficult dependency as Bombay. The real reason for the appointment in all probability is his lordship's characteristic temperament. He has always been a sportsman, both in theory and practice; and the natives of Bombay, who are essentially a sport-loving people, have never dissembled their disgust at the numerous restrictions which have, in recent years, been placed upon their predilections in this direction. Lord Willingdon's appointment should prove a popular one, seeing that he has served an apprenticeship as a diplomatist under his father-in-law, Earl Brassey, to whom he acted as aide-de-camp, when the latter was Governor of Victoria. Lord Willingdon, who was born in 1866, is a grandson of the first Viscount Hampden. He captained the cricket eleven during his stay at Eton, and has also represented Cambridge University and Sussex County in the cricket field. He is well known in the hunting field, and was one of the founders of the Eastbourne Foxhounds. His Lordship was married in 1892, to Marie Adelaide, youngest daughter of Earl Brassey by his first wife, author of that fam us record of travel, "The Voyage of the Sunbeam." Lord Willingdon may be said to have jumped into social fame rather suddenly. He worked for ten years in the interests of the Liberal party before acting as junior Lord Treasurer for six years; as Mr. Freeman Thomas, he represented Hastings in the House of Commons—a position held some forty years before by his father, then plain "Tom" Brassey—but in 1906, he was defeated by Mr. Harvey du Cros, then at the height of his fame as the head of the Dunlop enterprises. Shortly afterwards a new seat was found for Lord Willingdon in the Bodmin Division of Cornwall.

LADY WILLINGDON'S INTERESTS.

Lady Willingdon, who is both pretty and energetic, once enjoyed the distinction of being the youngest political hostess on record, for she was barely fifteen, when she helped her father to receive his guests. She was but seventeen when she was married. She is devoted to gardening, and at Ratton, Lord Willingdon's charming old-world home near Eastbourne, she takes the keenest delight in a walled in Italian garden, where almost every sort of generally ignored flower grows. As a girl, when she lived at Normanhurst, her father's famous seat near Hastings, she gloried in a "khaki" farm, the denizens of which were all of that sombre hue.

A NEW HONOUR FOR WOMEN.

A further step in the advancement of the status of women in public life, and in recognition of their abilities, was gained last week when, at a meeting held by the Fellows of the Royal Geographical Society in the theatre of the Civil Service Commission, Burlington Gardens, it was decided that, in future, women would be eligible as Fellows of the Society. The resolution "that the society approves the election of women as Fellows," was moved by Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the President. It was announced that the result of the referendum taken showed that out of a total poll of 2,900 Fellows, a proportion of more than three to one were in favour of the change. In future the admission of women as Fellows will proceed on exactly the same basis as that of men. It is interesting to speculate as to the woman who will be the first to write the letters F.R.G.S. after her name. Some of those whose names immediately come to mind as seemingly eligible by reason of the work they have accomplished are Mrs. Mary Gaunt, Miss Olive Macleod, Miss Mary Kingsley and Miss M. E. Durham.

CAN A WOMAN KEEP A SECRET?

Nothing is so hard to kill as superstition. Generation after generation of men have declared, "No woman can keep a secret." The belief has become ingrained in them just in the same way as mankind has persuaded itself that "no woman can poke a fire, or knows the difference between right and left." It is high time men altered their minds on these and similar matters. Not to do so is to show themselves behind the age. Keeping secrets is not an affair of sex, but of character. There are as many male as female sieves in this world of ours. Loquacious and untrustworthy people are always to be found, unhappily, both among men and women. It is ridiculous to pretend that one sex possesses a monopoly of any of the social virtues, much less of the virtues of honour, tact, discretion, and the power of keeping secrets. The loyalty of women-clerks to their employers, and their general efficiency, and even superiority over men, in the matter of keeping official secrets was alluded to the other day by the Chief Superintendent of the Local Government Board's typists in her evidence before the Civil Service Commissioners. She (for the Chief Superintendent is a lady) gives it as her opinion that women are really "safer" as clerks than men. They chatter less about their work after business hours are over. They are less curious, and when once their confidential tasks are performed, they let the whole subject pass from their minds. "The demand for women in offices is very great," she adds, and "more women clerks are earning yearly salaries of £150 than ever before." Nowadays we cannot but observe what constant and crucial opportunities women have of showing their powers of keeping secrets. Not only are there women-clerks and women-secretaries, but women are finding their places in the learned professions. Perhaps no class of professional men, even if we included lawyers and parsons, have more secrets confided to them than doctors. A babbling doctor! Can we imagine anything more mischievous? We cannot quit the subject without a glance at woman in her private relationships. Here she is as trustworthy as in business and public matters. Few of us have not learned how loyally grave secrets have been kept by the women of families who have borne shame and sorrow sooner than betray them. There are secrets of two kinds—the secrets that are confided to us, and the secrets that we discover by mischance or accident. Only the strong and noble souls keep these intact. The light of long experience has shown us that they are as safe with woman as with man. "Honour and tact are sexless."

DISCONTENT.

It is a paradox of life that those who have most are usually the most discontented. They have no serious interests; they have nothing to strive for; their minds being unoccupied, they more easily find time to be unhappy. They forget that "there is no fun like work." Women of leisure are more apt to languish in the throes of discontent than are men, for they are given more to clutching at the shadows of the unattainable and missing the substance of the attainable. They strive after happiness in the wrong direction. They search for bliss with eyes that are blindfolded. I know a woman, happily married to a well-to-do husband, who has a nice home, two delightful children, and everything she could possibly want, one would imagine, to make her happy. She does not know what it is to lack money, and she can afford practically as many clothes as she could need. Yet, that woman is one of the most discontented creatures imaginable. Her life is monotonous, her daily routine is to her, rapid and uninteresting. She is rapidly developing a chronic state of "nerves," although she has not a real care or worry in the world. What is the reason? To a great extent it is the fact that her mind is empty; her thoughts are wholly taken up with a vain striving after an elusive content—a content, the beginning and ending of which is Self. She takes little interest in her husband, her home, or her children. They exist for her, she thinks, as does everything else in the world.

THE THEATRE.

We have been this evening to the first night of "Turandot," at the St. James's Theatre. It is called a Chinese play, but the origin of the work is one of the Persian tales contained in "A Thousand and One Tales," which is attributed to a Persian monk of the thirteenth century. This particular story of "The Chinese Princess Turandot" was taken as the subject of a comedy written by Carlo Gozzi, a famous Venetian dramatist of the eighteenth century, whose aim was to write stage plays in a lighter and more fantastic vein than those of Goldoni, and amongst his "Fiabe," the fourth is "Turandotte, Principessa Cinese," into which he introduced the four Italian comic characters which belonged to the commedia del' arte, or improvised comedy, for whom no text was written, but who lent to the dialogue their own quick wit and invention. These were called Truffaldino, Brighella, Tartaglia, and Pantaline, and were the originals of our pantomime characters, pantaloon, clown, harlequin, and columbine. Busoni took this fantastic Chinese story as the basis for an orchestral suite, the music of which so impressed Dr. Vollmoeller that he was seized with the feeling to dramatise it in conjunction with Busoni's weird, fascinating, "Chinesey" music, the result of which was a German-Chinese play which has been acted at the Deutsches Theater, in Berlin, no fewer than eighty times. Sir George Alexander was in his turn tempted by the charm of the piece, and he arranged to produce it in English at the St. James's for our delectation. After this preamble, I must not fail to add that even Schiller fell under the spell of the Chinese story, and dramatised it for his own theatre at Weimar. We all know it, and have known it from our childhood. It is the tale of the beautiful, cruel Princess who hated men and would not wed. So when Royal suitors came from all the countries round, allured by her wonderful beauty, she asked them three riddles, and if they failed to guess them, they were beheaded. So great was her charm that, though the heads of these unhappy Princes were set on poles for all to see, the sight did not dismay nor dissuade others from risking a like fate, till one day there came a splendid but mysterious and unknown Prince who guessed all the riddles and won the Princess. But her rage and despair were so great (although she had begun to love him) that she vowed she would die rather than wed him, and he, being great and magnanimous, foolishly gave her a respite by asking her to guess a riddle he in his turn would set her, and if she guessed aright he would leave her, but if wrong, she would be finally won. The riddle ran: "Who was he? Whose son was he? And whence did he come?"

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor of Bombay and Lady Syndenham, accompanied by Major Greig (Military Secretary), Mr. Gibson, I.C.S., (Private Secretary), Captain

THE POLAR DISASTER.

TEXT OF SCOTT'S LAST MESSAGE.

Marvellous Tale Lost to the World.

HEROISM OF CAPTAIN OATES.

Misfortune Dogging their Footsteps.

THE "TERRA NOVA'S" SAD RETURN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 12.

A Mansion House Fund will be opened to-night to erect a memorial to Captain Scott and his comrades. It is proposed that the form of aid for their dependents shall be a National Fund.

The newspapers have also started a fund.

The Lord Mayor of Sydney has opened a fund.

King George will attend a requiem service at St. Paul's on Friday, in uniform.

ADELAIDE, FEB. 13.

The *Register* has started a shilling fund for the dependents of Captain Scott and his comrades, and a children's penny fund for Captain Scott's child. The penny fund will be invested in South Australian Bonds. The interest will be paid to Mrs. Scott on her child's birthdays, and the principal will be handed to him on the attainment of his majority.

STORY OF SCOTT'S LAST DAYS.

CHRISTCHURCH, FEB. 13.

The "Terra Nova" has arrived at Lyttelton. Commander Evans, interviewed, said the gallantry of Captain Scott and his companions had never been surpassed. When steering for Cape Evans, those on board the "Terra Nova" arranged to give Scott and his companions an ovation. They brought up luxuries, and steamed in with colours flying. A large party, awaiting them on the shore, cheered, and the ship's company responded. Not seeing Captain Scott in the group, Commander Evans shouted "Are you all well?" and they then learned of the fate of Captain Scott.

The total distance covered by Scott's party to the Pole, and back, was 1,842 miles. They should have returned to Hut Point by the 10th of March, but their last message narrated misfortunes which it was impossible to overcome. With regard to Captain Scott's astonishment at the shortage of fuel in the depots, Commander Evans said that there was enough fuel to last for a month beyond the expected date of Captain Scott's return.

The "Terra Nova" brought back every written record of the Southern party, including their diaries. These will be handed to their relatives. Captain Scott kept a daily record till the 24th of March. He spent the last day in writing his message to the public.

The bodies of the party could have been brought back, but all hands agreed that it was better to leave them in the white mantle where they had worked and died.

Commander Evans was disinclined to speak in connection with the tragic side of the expedition, and would not allow his fellow officers any latitude in this direction.

The motor-sledges frequently broke down, and when the last motor broke down the party was really pleased.

Commander Pennell will command the "Terra Nova" on the homeward voyage. Commander Evans will complete Captain Scott's story, which will be published in book form.

All on board the "Terra Nova" look healthy, and show no outward signs of the hardships they have suffered.

THE FINAL STAGES.

In connection with the South Polar expedition disaster, the following particulars have reached "The Pioneer" from a well-informed source. Lieutenant Scott, with sixteen men, left the base on the 1st November, 1911, the Pole being nine hundred miles away. The men were detached and returned at intervals. The last supporting party led by Lieutenant Evans parted from Scott one hundred and fifty miles from the Pole. Scott and four companions were then going strongly. Evans had an adventurous return journey, nearly succumbing to scurvy a hundred miles from home. From a telegram it appears that Scott reached the Pole safely, as the date given shows that his last camp must have been found. Hence he was well on the way back when the disaster occurred. As long as they had plenty of food the blizzard was not dangerous. There was more than plenty of food in the depots, but it is possible they lost the line of the depots in the blizzard and were unable to regain it; or what, in view of Evans' experience, is also possible is that scurvy may have occurred, and they had not sufficient strength to withstand the frightful blizzards. Judging from Amundsen's experience, the route taken by Scott is fearfully subject to blizzards, several of which Scott experienced before Evans left him, and made progress nearly impossible. These did not touch Amundsen, although less than three hundred miles away. At Amundsen's winter quarters there were only two mild blizzards during the year, while the meteorological records show that one hour out of every four during February and March, 1911, the wind at the base station was blowing over a gale in strength (thirty-eight miles an hour). During July, for five days on end the wind did not fall below thirty miles an hour, and was often above sixty. The party lost consists of Scott, Wilson, Oates, Bowers, and Evans. Of these, two left India to join the expedition. Captain Oates, Inniskilling Dragoons, did excellent work with the ponies, Scott made special reference to him in a report last year. Although of a retiring nature, Oates made himself thoroughly liked by his readiness to help and his interest in all that went on. It is extremely painful to realise that Bowers has gone. Lieutenant Bowers of the Indian Marine, made himself the idol of everyone on the expedition. By sheer capability he became Scott's right hand in making arrangements for the southern journey. When we knew who had gone on to the Pole with Scott, everyone was glad that the honour had fallen to Oates and Bowers. It is remarkable that of five men to reach the Pole, two should come from India. Of Captain Scott and Wilson we need not write. These two well-known explorers have been previously together to the Antarctic, and were firm personal friends. Evans was a naval warrant officer of firm physique and much character. Scott, Wilson and Evans leave widows. Scott, Wilson, Bowers and Oates all had mothers living.

THE TRAGIC END.

By the courtesy of the "Bombay Chronicle," which has acquired from the Central News, Limited, the sole newspaper rights for India of the story of Captain Scott's Expedition, the Associated Press of India is enabled to publish the following details of the tragic end of Captain Scott and his companions:—

Scott reached the South Pole on January 17, 1912. He found the tent and the records of the Norwegian Expedition. Scott, Wilson and Bowers died of exposure in a blizzard on March 29. Oates died of exposure on March 17 and Seaman Evans of concussion on February 17. The health of the remainder is excellent. The bodies of Scott, Wilson and Bowers were found in a tent eleven miles from Cape Evans.

The following is a quotation from the records left by Scott: "Oates was frost-bitten, but he struggled heroically. He was a brave soul. Feeling that the end was coming, he said, 'I'm going outside.' He went out into the blizzard and we have not seen him since. It was the act of a brave man and an English gentleman."

Scott left a message to the public, in which he said: "The causes of this disaster are not faulty organisation, but misfortune. Human beings never came through such a month as we have done, and we should have survived in spite of the weather but for the sickness of Oates, shortage of fuel and storm. We arrived within eleven mile of a one-ton camp with two days' food. We have been unable to leave the tent for four days but we don't regret the journey. We took risks and we knew we took them. Things have gone against us, but we bow to the will of Providence. We are determined still to do our best to the last. Had we lived, I should have had a tale to tell of the hardihood, endurance and courage of my companions which would have stirred the heart of very Englishman. These rough notes and our dead bodies must tell the tale, but surely, a great rich country like ours will see those dependent on us properly provided for.—R. Scott, 10th March 1912."

The full story of the expedition and tragic fate of Captain Scott and his companions is expected in India by the Mail of February 28th, and will appear in the first issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" on March 1st.

NO MORE SACRIFICES.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

The "Empire" publishes the following cablegram:—

Captain Scott's tragic diary has profoundly stirred the world. Every kind of misfortune attended the party. The pony transport failed, blizzards blew for days, sickness overtook the party returning from the pole, Petty Officer Evans got concussion and died, Captain Oates struggled on till he was too ill to go any further. His companions would not leave him and he walked out of the tent to die in the Antarctic wastes. His body is unrecovered. "He was a brave soul," wrote Captain Scott, of Captain Oates. The remainning trio struggled on, getting to within eleven miles of the base camp with food for eight days, the little party awaiting death calmly. Then Captain Scott penned the appeal that England should provide for the explorers' dependents.

The Government will do this handsomely, and funds are rolling in for memorials to the heroes. The papers are saying that, now that the Poles have been discovered, no other expedition and sacrifices are needed.

THE NEW WEAPON.

Cavalry to have the Vickers Machine Gun.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

Col. Seely announces that the new Vickers machine gun is about to be issued to the Cavalry. The question of issuing it to the Infantry is being considered.

AUSTRIA AND RUSSIA.

Former Sources of Discord Removed.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

An official statement published in Vienna disposes of the apprehensions regarding the mission of Colonel Prince Hohenlohe to St. Petersburg. The statement declares that he met with an uncommonly friendly reception, and that the former sources of discord between Austria and Russia have finally vanished.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN.

Unfavourably Received by Underwriters.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

The *Times* financial supplement to-day says the patience of the Stock Exchange underwriters has broken down under the announcement that a new three million pounds New Zealand Loan is about to be issued, and is being underwritten. It is very generally felt that the present circumstances regarding politics, the money market, and trade are such that no new issues, unless absolutely necessary should be underwritten.

"HADDON HALL" ENQUIRY.

Ship's Single Chronometer Inaccurate.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

The Court of Enquiry held at Capetown, into the loss of the "Haddon Hall" has found that the loss was mainly due to the inaccuracy of the ship's chronometer, and that there ought to have been three of them on board.

JAPAN'S EDUCATION.

Political Knowledge of Nation Advancing.

TOKIO, FEB. 13.

Admiral Yamamoto's acceptance of a Coalition Premiership is said to register an advance in the political education of the nation, the downfall of the influence of the elder statesmen, and a diminution of the prestige of the Crown.

RUSSO-MONGOLIAN TREATY.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

Replying to Mr. Lynch, with reference to the effects of the Russo-Mongolian Treaty on British interests, and as to whether in connection with its ratification the question of the integrity of China would be considered by the Powers, Mr. Acland said the terms of the Treaty were under consideration. He was unable yet to state whether British interests were affected. As his Majesty's Government was not a party to the Treaty, there was no question of ratification so far as they were concerned.

MARCONI COMMITTEE.

LONDON, FEB. 12.

Mr. L. J. Maxse, editor of the *National Review*, which strongly attacked the Marconi contract, cross-examined before the Marconi Committee, refused to name his informants. The Committee reported Mr. Maxse to the Speaker.

THE ARNOLD CASE.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Baker, replying to Mr. Wedgwood, said that Arnold's petition for leave to appeal had now been lodged.

TURKEY'S PLEA FOR HELP.

Powers will only Intervene on Possible Terms.

FRESH PROPOSALS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 12.

Reuter learns that Tewfik Pasha some days ago asked for the intervention of the Powers in the interests of peace. He was told that, until Turkey submitted proposals likely to be acceptable, intervention was impossible.

It is believed that Hakki Pasha is the bearer of fresh proposals. The Ambassadors sitting yesterday were wholly occupied with Turkey's request.

AT ADRIANOPLE.

Violent Cannonade and Bombs from Aeroplanes.

CONSTANTINOPLE, FEB. 13.

A violent cannonade continued all day yesterday at Adrianople. Bulgarian Aeroplanes dropped bombs into the town.

Heavy fighting has taken place in the Gallipoli Peninsula, but no details have yet been received. It is officially declared that the Turkish loss is at Bulair did not exceed eight hundred, and that the Bulgarians did not gain an inch, but only held their ground. They are now fortifying their positions.

BUKHAREST, FEB. 13.

It is understood that Bulgaria has offered Rumania further concessions on the Black Sea coast, and that Rumania has abandoned her claims to Silistria.

"HABBUL MATIN" SPECIAL.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

The following is the translation of a message received from the special agent of the "Habbul Matin" of Calcutta, at Constantinople:—

Patriotic feelings of Turkish men and women know no bounds. Jewellery, apparel and cereals are offered enthusiastically. Thousands of volunteers enter the theatre of war daily, while sturdy Asiatic troops are arriving constantly. In Jannina, the Greeks have been repulsed so heavily that they cannot raise their heads soon. After five days' fighting, in which the enemy suffered a loss of twelve thousand, Scutari is free from seige. The Turkish army at Tchatalja is marching vigorously to Subdurgas. The Bulgarians have suffered enormous losses and it is expected to raise the seige any moment. Turks are planning to envelope the investors in Adrianople. In Gallipoli, in spite of enormous losses, the labours of the enemy have been abortive.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

The "Empire" this afternoon publishes the following special cable, dated London, February 12:—Turkey is sick of renewed disaster and heavy losses, and is anxious for peace. Even the bellicose Shevket Pasha is prepared to re-open negotiations; and Hakki Bey is coming here with fresh proposals. The Allies' terms will inevitably be harder, but the Powers may be able to secure a modification.

RANGOON, FEB. 13.

A telegraphic remittance of £2,000 was despatched yesterday by the Turkish Relief Fund Committee of Rangoon, through the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, to the Grand Vizier at Constantinople, for the Red Crescent Fund.

[A public meeting of Mahomedans of Bombay will be held to-night at 9 o'clock, in connection with the loan to the Turkish Government, at the "Kapurvanj Badi," Falkland-road.]

THE RAILWAY SITUATION.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

Mr. Cautley, in the House of Commons, put a long question regarding the deficiencies of the railway service in India.

Mr. Baker, in reply, detailed the capital expenditure on works and rolling-stock in recent years. He added that provision had been made for the expenditure of £10,596,000 during 1913-14, and he hoped that this large expenditure would greatly facilitate the working of the railways.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

The death is announced of Sir John W. Carrington.

[Sir John Worrell Carrington, Kt., was born in 1847 and was educated at Lodge School and Codrington College, Barbados, and at Lincoln College, Oxford. He became a barrister of Lincoln's Inn in 1872, and was a member of the House of Assembly Barbados in 1878. From that year until 1881 he was a member of the Legislative Council, Solicitor-General in 1878, and acting Attorney-General from 1880 to 1881. He became President of the Education Board, and Chief Justice of St. Lucia and Tobago in 1882. He was Acting Chief Justice of Grenada, 1886; Attorney-General of British Guard 1888; Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Hongkong, from 1896 to 1902. He was Commandant of the Hong-Kong Volunteer Corps from 1896 to 1901.]

LADY HARDINGE.

Meetings in Coorg and Madras.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 13.

At the instance of Mr. Hannyngton, Commissioner of Coorg, Mrs. Stone and Mrs. K. C. Timmayya convened a meeting of the ladies of the station, in connection with the proposal for the presentation of a congratulatory address to Lady Hardinge, in the Palace Durbar Hall, on the 8th instant.

More than 40 ladies, who were unable to attend the meeting, intimated their wish to vote for the address, and sent in their subscriptions, while 26 ladies, comprising of 11 Coorgs, 5 Brahmins, 1 Native Christian and 9 Europeans, were present.

Similar meetings were held at Coconada and Rajahmundry. Much interest and enthusiasm was shown in signing the address by a large gathering of Indian ladies.

SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

An unfortunate accident occurred at Halsa, on the Eastern Bengal State Railway, on Tuesday last, in connection with a shooting excursion. Mr. M. Brett, manager of a tea garden, and a party of eight or nine friends were out shooting at Halsa, and when it was getting towards dusk, a charge of shot fired by one of Mr. Brett's comrades lodged in Mr. Brett's left thigh. Mr. Brett was brought to Calcutta by train the same night, and attended to at the Medical College Hospital, where the shots were extracted.

MEXICAN REVOLUTION.

Cavalry Mowed down by Fire of Guns.

DIPLOMATS' PROTEST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MEXICO CITY, FEB. 12.

A seven-hours' battle has resulted in nothing decisive. The casualties number one thousand.

An amazing incident occurred during the fighting, the Federal cavalry, which charged a rebel battery, being mowed down and almost wiped out.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 12.

Three additional warships are being sent to Mexico.

Transports with troops are in readiness to protect Americans and other foreigners.

LONDON, FEB. 13.

Fighting in Mexico was resumed at noon yesterday. The rebels fired in the direction of the British Legation, near which a Federal battery was stationed. Heavy guns hurled shell and shrapnel into the business quarter of the city.

The United States is sending four Dreadnought cruisers to Vera Cruz, and two cruisers to the Pacific coast.

As communication between Washington and the Embassy in Mexico was interrupted yesterday, the administration may be compelled to change its policy, and send a naval expedition to open up communications.

MEXICO, FEB. 13.

The members of the Diplomatic Corps have made a strong protest to President Madero and General Diaz against the barbarous and inhuman fighting, and have requested that an armistice be arranged. Both sides replied in evasive terms.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE.

Prize-Giving at the Lucknow Competition.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, FEB. 13.

The St. John Ambulance Brigade Cup was won yesterday by the O. and R. Railway A team, with 908 points; the Eastern Bengal State Railway A team being second with 837.

This afternoon, at La Martiniere College, Genl. Mahon presented the All-India Ambulance trophy and other prizes to the winning teams of the St. John Ambulance Association in the competition which concluded this morning.

After the chairman had read the report of the results of the Ambulance meeting, Genl. Mahon presented the prizes, the more important among them being —King-Emperor's Volunteer Shield to the Calcutta Port Defence; Lord Hardinge Police Trophy to the Moradabad team; Brigade Challenge Cup to the O. and R. Ry. Volunteers, who also won the King-Emperor's Challenge Shield for Indian Railways.

Genl. Mahon, in a short speech, referred to the good work done by the St. John Ambulance on the occasion of the Delhi outrage. He said he was glad to hear that the ladies in India were going to take up ambulance work, which, with the allied work of nursing, lay in their sphere. He said that the work of the Ambulance Association was much appreciated by the Government.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

Sir Valentine Chirol in Hospital.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

Lord Islington and the other members of the Public Services Commission returned to Calcutta this afternoon. There will be no sittings of the Commission on Friday or Saturday, as announced before, but it is understood that there will be informal conferences between the Commissioners and the Government of Bengal on these days. There will be only two public sittings here, on Monday and Tuesday, when the witnesses from Assam will be examined, after which the members will proceed to Delhi.

On leaving the vessel, Sir Valentine Chirol was removed to the Woodburn Ward of the Presidency General Hospital. Enquiries at the hospital show that he has stood the strain of the voyage well. Sir Valentine informed the Associated Press this evening that he was very much better and had benefited from the voyage. He had been suffering from a severe chill.

THE RACE IN ARMAMENTS.

Reciprocal Action by Great Britain.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

The "Empire" this afternoon publishes the following special cablegrams, dated London, February 12:—

Anglo-German amity has been greatly advanced by Admiral von Tirpitz's recognition of Britain's 60 per cent. naval superiority. The Kaiser and the Chancellor agreed to Admiral von Tirpitz's statement. Mr. Churchill will reciprocate. There will be an increase of five home-manned Dreadnoughts this year.

PORT OFFICER, BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEB. 13.

Commdr. G. A. Rose, R.I.M., Principal Port Officer, Burma, after thirty years' service, seventeen and a half of which were spent in Burma, retires from Saturday next. Mr. S. O. Vale, assistant Port Officer, Bombay, relieves Commander Rose.

SIR JOHN NIXON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 13.

Lieut.-General Sir John Eccles Nixon, commanding the Southern Army, and Lady Nixon, accompanied by Major W. H. Beach and Captain E. J. Nixon arrived at Madras this morning, and are staying at Government House. They leave for Burma to-morrow.

Lieut.-General Sir J. Eccles Nixon of the Southern Army, is expected here on Monday, on tour through Burma reaching Myothia on February 23rd, whence he will leave for Bhamo and Myitkina on March 3rd. He returns to Rangoon on March 26th and embarks for Madras on the 28th.

LAW STUDENT'S APPEAL.

Answer Papers Tampered with.

DECISION IN UNUSUAL CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13

At the High Court to-day Mr. Justice Imam delivered judgment in the rule obtained by Probhah Chunder Roy, a candidate for the pleadership examination, calling on the Board of Examiners to show cause why they should not publish his name in the list of successful candidates of last years' pleadership examination, or why he should not be allowed to appear at the next pleadership examination. The petitioner was permitted by the Board of Examiners to appear at the pleadership examination held in February 1912. After his answer papers had been submitted, he attempted to substitute with an examiner, by means of a bribe, fresh answer papers in place of those that had been originally written by him at the examination. The examiner having reported the matter to the Board, an enquiry was held, and he was debarred from taking part in the pleadership examination for a period of five years.

His Lordship, in the course of a lengthy judgment, observed that the first part of the Rule, namely, why the petitioner's name should not be published in the list of successful candidates of last year's examination, was based on an incorrect statement, and must, therefore, fail.

In respect of the second part of the Rule, his Lordship said that the petitioner maintained that, under the rules, the Board had no power to stop him from appearing at an examination without entertaining his application and considering it. After quoting rules and regulations, his Lordship observed that neither rules or regulations had provided for a case of such an unusual nature as the one under consideration. Reprobation of such misconduct as was admitted by the petitioner might be, and in his Lordship's opinion, was necessary in the interests of the public and society generally, but such reprobation must confirm to prescribed rules. The order prohibiting offending candidates from appearance at examinations for a period of five years was one of rustication, for which there was no legal sanction. In conclusion, his Lordship directed the Board of Examiners to entertain and consider the petitioner's application, and determine his fitness according to their discretion.

SOUBRETTE'S CLAIM.

Mr. Bandmann sued for Damages.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

At the High Court to-day Mr. Justice Chaudhuri was engaged in hearing the suit brought by Mrs. Georgiana Major, better known to the theatrical public as Miss Georgie Corlass, against Mr. Maurice E. Bandmann, proprietor of the Bandmann Opera Company, claiming Rs. 18,000 as damages for alleged wrongful dismissal.

Mr Norton, on behalf of the plaintiff, in opening the case, said that, on the thirtieth March 1912 at Colombo, the plaintiff entered into an agreement with Mr. Bandmann, by which she was engaged for nineteen months as the principal soubrette on £20 a week while she was actually acting. The agreement continued until the 11th December 1912, when she said she was wrongfully dismissed. In December last, for the first time, a piece called "Night Birds" was put into the repertoire. Counsel said it was not a musical comedy, and required a specially trained technique and vocalisation, and the part for which the plaintiff was cast, that of Ilka, was not soubrette music. After attending a rehearsal, she wrote to Mr. Bandmann, saying she could not possibly play that part, and giving her reasons. After some correspondence, the defendant dismissed the plaintiff, and in consequence of this the present suit was instituted.

Evidence was then gone into, and the case is proceeding.

PUNJAB COCAINE RULES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEB. 13.

The Punjab Government are issuing rules, regulating the import, for the possession and sale of cocaine. The definition of cocaine is considerably wider than hitherto, and will be in force from April 1st.

A smart seizure of twelve pounds of contraband opium has been made by the Lahore Police in a bootmaker's shop in Maclagan-road, owned by a Chinaman and a Hindu.

THE NEW DELHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 13.

Mr. Brodie, one of the Delhi Town Planners, will leave by this week's mail steamer, and the indication is that alternative plans have been prepared. They will be submitted to the Government of India for consideration in due course.

KING'S STATUE FOR MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 13.

It is stated that the order for the bronze statue of his Majesty the King-Emperor, the gift of Dewan Bahadur Govindass Chatoorbhoojadoss to the city, has been placed with Mr. Crosland McClure, the well-known London sculptor. The statue is estimated to cost from forty to fifty thousand rupees.

PUNJAB SANITARY GRANTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEB. 13.

Grants amounting to five lakhs have been made to the following works, from the Government of India's assignment for sanitation in the Punjab:—Ambala Waterworks, Amritsar City Sewerage Scheme, Sialkot Water Supply and Rawalpindi Intermural Drainage.

STUDENT ASSAULTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

Mr. Quinlan, Joint Magistrate of Naraingunj, yesterday, convicted Mr. Rogers, Inspector of the British Petroleum Company of assaulting a student, and fined him rupees five.

CO-OPERATION IN BOMBAY.

Establishment of a Central Bank.

ANNUAL REPORT.

The following Government Resolution dated 20th January reviewing the Annual Report on the working of Co-operative Societies in the Bombay Presidency including Sind for the year 1911-12, is published.

The outstanding feature of the year 1911-12 was the establishment of the Bombay Central Co-operative Bank which has inaugurated a fundamental change in the method of financing the business of agriculture on this side of India. Hitherto the small cultivator has been tied to the local savkar and has not been able to obtain capital at the rates which his own credit could command in the open market. Now he has gained through the Bank access to the general money market, and means have been provided by which he can be freed from a perpetual burden of debt. The importance of this change and of its influence on the agricultural economy of the Presidency cannot be over-estimated. The risks which attend the new departure are clearly set forth in paragraph 18 of the Report. "Local societies must not do more business than is justified and safe." The Central Bank is under the direction of business-men who can be trusted to see that the borrowing societies have sufficiently good assets to cover the loans for which they apply, but easy credit is very apt to induce extravagant borrowing, extravagant lending, extravagant expenditure of borrowed money, and laxity in repayment. Against such tendencies, the Registrar and his staff will have to exercise a constant vigilance; still more will be possible when unions have been established which will supervise the management of societies within their area; but the ultimate safeguard is the feeling of upright independence which it is hoped the moral lessons inculcated by the system of co-operation will engender in the minds of the people.

Another important feature of the year under review was the passing of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912. Under the provisions of this Act, the scope of the co-operative movement has been widened considerably. The department is concerned now not only with credit but with co-operative activities in general. Societies for the purchase of manure and for the sale of agricultural produce and of general stores and household necessities have been established or are in process of formation. The further development of this side of the movement will be watched with interest and will help to spread the knowledge of the real meaning of co-operation among classes which have not hitherto had any direct association with its activities.

The general progress achieved during the year was satisfactory. The total number of societies of all kinds increased by 117, of which 2 were central, 13 urban, and 102 rural societies. The increase in the total membership amounted to 9,779, while the total working capital rose by Rs. 19,18,685. It is especially gratifying to note the increase in the available capital per head of members, and the number of societies (158 including 120 rural) which have a capital exceeding Rs. 3,000. The large increase in the total working capital is due not only to loans from the financing institutions such as the Central Bank, but also to a considerable extent to loans from non-members and deposits from members themselves. The proportion of the total capital which consisted of loans from Government fell to 14 per cent. as compared with 17 per cent. in the preceding year, and 20 per cent. in the year 1910, while the proportion of outside capital has risen from 6 per cent. in 1911 to 43 per cent. in the year under review. These figures are themselves a proof of the growth of the reliance which societies have in their own resources, and of the confidence of the public in their stability. In other respects also progress was steady. It is true that the average membership of urban societies fell from 101 to 87 and of rurals from 70 to 67, but this decrease in much less than might have been expected in view of the considerable increase in the numbers of both classes of societies. The average amount of reserve funds held by urbans and rurals rose from Rs. 234 to Rs. 237 and from Rs. 192 to Rs. 201, respectively. The Governor in Council does not consider that it would be advisable to lay down any hard and fast rule as to the application of reserve funds. The last Provincial Conference at Poona disclosed a wide divergence of opinion on the subject. The general object to be kept in view is the reduction of the proportion of borrowed capital to the total assets of the society.

ESPECIAL FORMS.

Amongst special forms of co-operation, the institution of seed banks and grain stores has made little advance. The seed societies mentioned in paragraph 48 of the Report, though they are not conducted on co-operative lines, afford an interesting field of experiment. Their existence shows that such societies are needed and serve a useful purpose and a study of the lines on which they are run may help towards the evolution of a type of co-operative grain bank which will be found attractive to the cultivators and really help them especially in times of scarcity. The increase in the number of weaving societies from six to ten is satisfactory. The operations of these societies are being conducted on real co-operative lines, while the importance of improving matters and machinery is not being neglected. Government approve of the intention to establish a central yarn store to supply these societies with good yarn at wholesale rates and to advise them about the trend of markets. Owing to the ignorance of their members, the conduct of the affairs of the leather-makers' societies, which have been established leaves a good deal to be desired. Government agree that without careful guidance, the progress of societies amongst this class is certain to be of a chequered nature.

The Governor in Council is pleased to note the efforts which are being made to co-ordinate the working of the Co-operative and agricultural Department. The importance of the maintenance of the closest connection between these two departments cannot be too strongly emphasised. The attempt which is being made by the Broach District Agricultural Association to affiliate rural societies, and the experiment of the Kaira District Local Board in appointing a sub-committee to promote agricultural improvement and co-operation with a grant-in-aid of Rs. 3,000 are most commendable. The advance of loans by the Central Bank to rural societies in the affected area in Gujarat for the purchase of fodder, assistance rendered in the matter by the Bombay Central Famine Relief Fund and the generous action of the trustees of the Wadia Estate in supplying fodder at reduced rates to such societies afford examples of the various ways in which co-operative societies can render service to their members.

In Sind the number of registered societies increased during the year from four to seven, all of which appear to be making satisfactory progress. The Governor in Council is pleased to note the increasing popularity and steady progress of the movement in the Province.

BENGAL PRESIDENCY SPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 13.

Two hundred and twenty-five entries have been received for the Presidency Athletic Sports. In the amateur championship events, all the title-holders are competing.

It is rumoured that the Karachi Amateur Dramatic Club is busy with preliminary arrangements for the production at the end of next month of "The Marriage of Kitty." Cosmo Gordon-Lennox's amusing comedy, in which Marie Tempest scored such a triumph in London some years back. This will be a daring undertaking, characteristic says the "Sind Gazette," of our local amateurs' ambition but it has been whispered that the title role is to be in the hands of a London actress of no small repute, so that we are promised something quite out of the ordinary. Rehearsals are already in full swing, the cast is a particularly strong one, and is said to contain a smattering of "new blood."

"Incandescent Gas is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting"—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom).

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

Expert's Report on Bombay Water-Supply.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held in the Municipal Council Hall, yesterday afternoon, the Hon. Mr. Manmohandas Ramji presiding.

In accordance with previous notice, Dr. S. S. Battliwalla proposed, and the Hon. Sir Sassoon J. David seconded that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report whether there was a nuisance created by the collection of foul, putrid and stagnant water on an open land in the immediate vicinity of the storm-water channel at Purbbadevi-road, and in front of the Standard Mills and several chawls situated thereat. If so, that he be requested to remedy the same, reporting the action taken to to the Corporation.

Mr. C. V. Mehta, Chairman of the Standing Committee, replied that steps were being taken to remedy the nuisance.

Dr. Battliwalla thereupon withdrew the proposition.

BOMBAY WATER-SUPPLY.

The Corporation considered a letter from the Commissioner forwarding a report dated the 1st November 1912, from Mr. G. Midgley Taylor, embodying the results of the inspection made by him on his visit to Bombay and his examination of the proposals submitted by the Water Engineer in his report of 14th August 1911, for the improvement of the water-supply of Bombay.

The Commissioner in his letter stated as follows:—

It will be seen that Mr. Midgley Taylor approves of, and endorses, the recommendations made by the Hydraulic Engineer. The only point in which he varies from Mr. Trivess Smith's proposals is the minor one of increasing the diameter of the new main from 48-in. to 50-in. as far as Ghatkoper. Mr. Midgley Taylor gives reasons for adopting the larger size, and it will be seen from the Hydraulic Engineer's letter of 28th November 1912 that the latter concurs in the Consulting Engineer's suggestions. The specifications for tenders for the larger size of mains have been already prepared, and tenders have been called for in anticipation of the approval of the Corporation. It is, I think extremely satisfactory, to find, that Mr Midgley Taylor's report is of so reassuring a character as regards the absence of difficulty in the way of increasing the water-supply of Bombay. The fact that Mr. Midgley Taylor has found so little to criticise or to alter in Mr. Trivess Smith's report is a proof of the skill and care with which the latter considered and framed his proposals. Mr. Midgley Taylor does not, of course, touch upon the financial aspect of the question, but there is no reason to think that the Water Engineer's estimates will prove defective or that if some excess occurs, the amount cannot be easily borne by the Municipal finances. The work of raising the Tansa Dam and preparing the earthworks for the laying of the new main are already in hand, and, as has been said, tenders for the steel portion of the new main have been called for, while steps are being taken for calling for tenders for the cast-iron portion. The first relief to the water-supply of the city will therefore be experienced when the new main is laid as far as Bhandup, and the Vehar supply can be augmented by water let in that point from the Tansa Duct. This may be hoped to be possible in about December 1914, and its effect should therefore be perceptible in the hot weather of 1915. The water-supply of the city cannot, however be greatly increased until the new Tansa supply is brought directly into the city. The first work in this connection is the acquisition of land for the reservoir at Ghatkoper and the construction of the necessary dam at that place. If the Corporation approves of the report as now submitted, the necessary steps will be taken in this direction. Mr. Midgley Taylor recommends the immediate construction of a reservoir at Sion Hill. It would be seen from Mr. Trivess Smith's letter of 28th November that he thinks that he can arrange for a sufficient supply of water for the north of the island without the construction of the reservoir for the next few years. I agree with Mr. Smith, and think that it will not be necessary at present to do more than to approach Government for the reservation of Sion Hill for the reservoir. Government have already expressed their desire that this hill should be preserved as a spot of interest and beauty, and the construction of a reservoir at this place will ensure this object being attained. As regards Golanji Hill, it will be seen that Mr. Midgley Taylor considers in paragraph 64 of his report that it will not be necessary to construct a reservoir there, and the may not be necessary to do so for many years to come. The scheme could, therefore, be brought into operation without the acquisition of this hill. Mr. Midgley Taylor, however, considers that it would be wise to acquire this hill, in order to prevent its disappearance through quarrying. In this opinion I concur. The Corporation are aware that the Calcutta Municipality have erected a large elevated tank at enormous cost. It would appear infinitely better to maintain a series of reservoirs on the natural elevated positions in the city. We shall have reservoirs at Malabar Hill, Bhandarwada and Sion, and there is little doubt that Golanji Hill Reservoir will ultimately be required. Even if it should prove that it is not so, there is no risk to the Corporation of loss through the purchase of the hill. Steps may be taken for the extension of the filter beds at Vehar, but as this cannot be brought into operation until the new Tansa Water is introduced it is not a work of urgent importance. If the Corporation will now approve of the proposals contained in this report, a programme will be submitted showing the work it is proposed to do in each year and the amount of expenditure that may be anticipated.

Sir Balchandra Krishna propsed that the Municipal Commissioner be authorized to proceed with the following works:—

The duplication of the line of syphons.

The laying of a new pipe, 50in. in diametre, as far as Ghatkoper Reservoir, and one of 48in. from these to the city.

The laying of steel pipes three-eights of an inch in thickness, as far as Ghatkoper and cast-iron pipes between that point and the city.

That a copy of Mr. Midgely Taylor's report be forwarded to the Water-Supply Committee with a request to them to consider it in consultation with the Commissioner, and to report on the remaining points and recommendations dealt with in the report.

In moving the proposition, Sir Balchandra remarked that when the work was completed there would be no cry for water and the Corporation, he was sure, would cheerfully sanction the amount, whatever the cost might be, as it would benefit the city in general.

The proposal was seconded and carried.

DRAINAGE RULES.

Dr. K. E. Dadachanji moved the adoption of the report of the Drainage Committee, regarding revised rules for house and stable drainage.

The Committee in their report stated that they had very carefully considered the rivised set of rules for house and stable drainage, in consultation with the Commissioner and the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage, and were of opinion that the rules were free from objection subject to the alterations suggested by the Committee. The Committee were of opinion that, wherever particular plans and patterns of appliances were specified, sketches of such plans and patterns should be given in the margin of the printed copies of the rules.

Dr. H. G. Sukhia urged that, in the interest of general sanitation and public health, it was desirable and advisable for the Corporation to consider the Rules very carefully. The Corporation had in the past a very sad experience re. the surcharging of sewers in the city and the proposals of the Municipal officers, none of which was accepted by the experts whom the Corporation consulted in the year 1906 at a cost of Rs. 12,000, which could not at all be said to have been ill-spent, as the final results would show.

He strongly objected to Rules 2 to 7, 12, 16, 17, 19, 22, 37, 46, 52, 55, 57, 58, 61, and 63 to 66 as they stood, as proposed.

On being put to the vote, Dr. Dadachanji's proposition was agreed to.

PROPOSED INCINERATOR.

Mr. J. P. Orr proposed the adoption of the report of the Committee regarding the question of putting up an incinerator for the disposal of refuse.

Mr. Orr said that the Corporation, not accepting the proposal of erecting an incinerator at the foot of the Carnac Bridge, the question had been referred back to a committee and the present proposal was

to erect one at Bapty-road, where stood the Milch Cattle Stables.

Dr. Dinshah Bomonji Master moved as an amendment that the incinerator should be put up on the Flats at Byculla. He said that it would be a nuisance in populated places, and their past experience of the matter had taught them that it could not be tolerated in populated parts of the city.

Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji seconded.

Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia was in favour of erecting an incinerator in the midst of the town, as he could assure the Corporation that the incinerator had not been found to be a nuisance in other countries where experiments had been made.

The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta asked if Mr. Orr would accept as a rider that an incinerator might also be put up in Cawasji Patel-street—he would not say quite next to Dr. Sukhia's house? If that were done, it would be a consolation to residents of Bapty-road, who had objected to the erection of an incinerator, and then the Corporation would be sure to hear of the least possible complaint, if any, that could be made against an incinerator.

The Commissioner pointed out that the erection of an incinerator at Bapty-road was not a mere experiment. It had been ascertained that incinerators were not a failure. The site suggested by the Committee was the suitable site.

Mr. Mistry was of opinion that incinerators were likely to do harm rather than improve the sanitation of the city.

Dr. Master having withdrawn his amendment, Mr. Orr's proposition was agreed to.

On the motion of the Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, the letter from Mr. J. F. Cook and 7,000 others, hoping that the application of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, for being allowed to divide the Tramway into five zones, and charge one and half annas for travelling even on the line that existed at the time the concession deed was signed, might not be granted, was referred to the Tramway Committee.

This concluded the business before the Corporation.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, etc.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, FEB. 13.

An exchange has been approved between Capt. Dickinson, Welsh Regiment, and Capt. Graham, 28th Cavalry.

Capt. Deckinson has been posted to the 28th Cavalry.

Major A. C. Lash, 113th Infantry, retires from 16th March, and Major A. L. Gabett, 87th Punjabis, retires from 22nd March 1913.

Major N. H. Griffith, R.E., is appointed Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers of the New Delhi Cantonment.

Major H. E. Molesworth, No. 74 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, is appointed to No. 2, Mountain Battery, at Ambala.

Major R.E. Tyler, from No. 2 Mountain Battery, is posted to No. 61 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Rangoon.

Capt. Bovet, R.E., is appointed Superintendent of Park, and Major Bremner is appointed Superintendent of Instructions, of the 3rd Sappers and Miners.

Brig.-Gen. Rodwell, Commanding 2nd Infantry Brigade, Secunderabad, is granted leave for four months, from 7th March.

Major C. E. D. Davidson-Houston, 58th Rifles assumed duties of officiating Brigade Major, Quetta 1st (Infantry) Brigade, vice Captain Lakin granted leave.

Captain A. M. Johnson, 1st Bn. Royal Dublin Fusiliers, is appointed Station Staff Officer and Cantonment Magistrate, Bellary.

Major W. J. Venour, D.S.O., 1st Bn. Royal Dublin Fusiliers, to command the Station, Bellary.

Major M. P. Hancock, 2nd Bn. Royal Fusiliers, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Ajutant General, Mhow Division, vice Major Sir G.M. Stirling, Bt. granted leave.

Lieut. D. Harvey, 31st Punjabis, is appointed Station Staff Officer 1st Class Wellington.

REGIMENTAL.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave:—Lieut. C. W. Farquharson, 10th Jats, 8 months, ex-India; Captain L. F. Ashburner, M.V.O., D.S.O., Brigade Major, Nasirabad Brigade, 235 days, ex. India; Captain R.A. Cassels, 32nd Lancers, 8 months, ex-India; Captain R. A. H. Robertson, 30th Punjabis, 8 months, ex-India; Captain T. R. H. Keppel, 30th Punjabis, 8 months, ex-India; Captain G. D. Wright, 98th Infantry, 8 months, ex-India; Lieut. E. H. Chapman, 107th Pioneers, 229 days, ex-India; Lieut. F. H. F. Hornor, 107th Pioneers, 7 months, ex-India; Captain W. L. Wayman, 116th Mahrattas, 8 months, ex-India; Major Sir G. M. H. Stirling, Bt., D.S.O., Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Mhow Division, 8 months, ex-India; Lt.-Colonel F. de B. Young, 32nd Lancers, 8 months, ex-India; Lt.-Colonel C. E. Hondley, 81st Pioneers, 8 months, ex-India; Major C. C. Jackson, 103rd Lt. Infantry, 1 year, ex-India, and Lt.-Colonel C. O. Tanner, 127th Baluch Lt. Infantry, 172 days, ex-India.

The undermentioned officer has been granted extension of leave:—Lieut. H. R. Stranack, 29th Punjabis, 4 months, ex-India.

1st Bn. 7th Gurkhas.—Major W. B. Powell appointed 2nd-in-Command.

2nd-Lieut. Harrison, R.F.A., from Home Establishment, is posted to 8th Battery, R.F.A.

Lieut. A. C. E. March, 'N' Battery, R. H. A., is posted to 'E' Battery, R. H. A., and ordered to proceed Home.

29th Lancers.—Captain G. W Hemans is appointed officiating Squadron Commander.

The undermentioned officers have been warned to embark for India, to join their units:—Lieut. P. L. E. Walker, 7th Hussars; Capt. C. E. Atchison, 2nd Bn. The King's (Shropshire Light Infantry); 2nd Lieut. L. P. Causton, 2nd Bn., East Kent Regiment; Captain W. J. Simpson, I.M.S., is appointed to Medical Charge of the 34th Horse; and Captain A. C. Watson, 7th Hussars, is appointed Adjutant Staffordshire Yeomanry Territorial Force, and is to proceed Home.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave:—Major E. F. E. Baines, I. M. S., 8 months, ex India; Captain H. E. Stanger-Leathes, I. M. S., 8 months ex India; Captain J. L. Mansel, 7th Dragoon Guards, 6 months, ex India; Captain A. J. McCullock, 7th Dragoon Guards, 6 months ex India; Lieut. F. J. Scott, 7th Dragoon Guards, 6 months, ex India; Lieut. C. W. T. Lane, 7th Dragoon Guards, 6 months, ex India; Lieut. R. C. Ansdell, 7th Dragoon Guards, 5 months, ex India; Major C. E. G. Norton, 7th Hussars, 6 months, ex India; Major W. J. K. Rettie, 10th Battery, R. F. A., 4 months and 6 days in India; 2nd Lieut. C. C. Darley, 10th Battery, R. F. A., 7 months, ex India; 2nd-Lieut. H. R. Lodge, 10th Battery, R. F. A., 3 1-2 months, in India; Lieut. A. J. Woodhouse, 9th Ammunition Column, R. F. A., 2 1-2 months, in India; Lieut. A. F. Lambert, 9th Ammunition Column, R. F. A., 2 1-2 months, in India; Captain W. [illegible]ike, 1st Bn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, 10 months, ex India; Lieut. W. M. K. Dickinson, 20th Horse, 1 year, ex India, Medical Certificate; Captain P. H. Martin, 86th Carnatic Infantry, 1 year, ex India; Captain J. H. V. Barr, 109th Infantry, 1 year in and ex India; Lieut. A. P. H. Cadell, 109th Infantry, 8 months, ex India and Captain W. B. Purdon, R. A. M. C., 8 months, ex India.

TENT-PEGGING AT DELHI.

Good Show by Third Skinner's Horse.

The Tent-Pegging for British Officers of the Indian Cavalry was run off this forenoon, when in the Single runs the 10th Lancers scored 20, 17th Cavalry 30, 11th Lancers 10, 7th Lancers nil, 3rd Skinner's Horse 40, 12th Cavalry 14. The 3rd Skinner's Horse won.

In the Tent-Pegging in sections, the same teams ran; the 18th scored 20, 17th 24, 11th Lancers 17, 7th Lancers 22, 3rd Skinner's Horse 29, 12th Cavalry 24. Skinners' Horse won this also.

This is the third year in which the 3rd Horse have won these tent-pegging tournaments.

The summary of the fifth (final) forecast of the rice crop in Burma estimates the exportable surplus at 2,530,030 tons cargo of rice against 2,520,000 tons in the previous forecast.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

DEGENERATE SUED.

Signs Papers in a Drugged State.

CLAIM REJECTED.

A case came up in the High Court to-day in which a cotton-dealer and money-lender of Sholapur, named Chenabasappa Apparao Patel sued, (1) Bhimashankar Manohor Vaidya, (2) Seobai (widow of Manohor Vaidya, (3) Nagaya Padgaya Som Setti, (4) Govind Ramkrishna Yadvarkar (minor by guardian, "ad litem," Vasudeva Narayan Gatsadi), (5) Malakarjun Malappa Kavle, and (6) Revanshiddapa Gavrapa Salgar, to obtain an injunction that defendant No. 1 should receive from the plaintiff Rs. 1,500, and execute to him a sub-deed for Rs. 9,000 for some shop-buildings, and that the plaintiff should be declared the full owner of the property and possession awarded to him by overruling the objections of the defendants.

The case was first tried by the First Class Sub-Judge of Sholapur. Certain deeds and promissory notes were alleged to have been executed by the first defendant, who was the adopted son of the second defendant. The son was of vicious habits, and indulged in all kinds of intoxicants and narcotics. He quarrelled with his adoptive mother, who drove him from her presence and there were several criminal suits between them, and between the son and his wife, owing to his vicious habits. He was induced to sign documents without consideration of them while under the influence of narcotics, and the plaintiff sued upon those documents. Defendant No. 3 was in possession of one of the suit properties, and No. 4 was in possession of the other surety property as mortgagee. Defendants 5 and 6 had purchased the interest of the first defendant in the suit properties "pendente lite."

The Sub-Judge said that, owing to a difference between the first and second defendants, the plaintiff had taken advantage of the former's vicious habits to obtain from him a mortgage deed of Rs. 4,000, but the consideration actually paid had been Rs. 1,800 only. Even in the consideration of Rs. 1,800 there had been four currency-notes, of which only a half piece of each had been given to defendant No. 1. Defendant No. 1 had made no agreement with the plaintiff as to the sale of the suit properties. The plaintiff had obtained from defendant No. 1 a letter by fraud, but the contents of that letter were not true. Defendant No. 1 had written it while under the influence of the plaintiff and the latter's friends. Defendant No. 1 had been led by fraud to insert a notice in the "Kalpataroo," a newspaper. Defendant No. 1 was in the habit of using ganja and opium. It was clear from his conduct as disclosed in the papers recorded, and from his deposition, that he was a reckless man. There was nothing extraordinary in his being induced to pass a document under dictation, especially while he was under the influence of a narcotic. His wife had spoken of his bad habits in her complaint against him to the potice. The Sub-Judge thought that a letter had been obtained from defendant No. 1, with the object of supporting the payment of Rs. 4,000. It was, in the Court's opinion, a very suspicious letter, and an attempt to create evidence. The plaintiff had probably had a hand in causing defendant No 1 to it under dictation.

There was no satisfactory reason why an endorsement of payment of Rs. 1,000 had been made when only Rs. 400 had been paid, and the Court disbelieved the plaintiff and his witness as to payment for a promissory note of Rs. 1,000. The Court was more inclined to believe defendant No. 1's story that the promissory note for Rs. 1,000 in question had been passed to defendant No. 1, without payment of any consideration money. It appeared to be an attempt to create evidence of debt due by defendant No. 1. The letter, which defendant No. 1 had been caused to write, to support payment of Rs. 4,000, also created doubt as to actual payment of the amount. The notice was probably the work of the plaintiff and his confederate Gabhne, who both took advantage of the first defendant's bad habits and induced him to send it apparently when he was beside himself and in a condition of mind to be influenced. The first defendant's story appeared on the whole to be the more probable of the two, and the Court preferred it to the plaintiff's story. The agreement which the plaintiff deposed had really for public eation, been come to, was, the Court thought, a myth. The signature of defendant No. 1 on a blank paper had been used for fabricating the agreement in dispute upon it. On a careful consideration of the evidence, the Court opined that defendant No. 1's story, that he had not executed the agreement, was reliable. The claim was rejected with costs.

The plaintiff appealed to the High Court against this decision and their Lordships, Mr Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Rao, after hearing both sides, dismissed the appeal with costs.

PRESIDENCY MILL LOAN.

The case in which Dayabhai Tapidas (Bania Hindu of Kalbadevi) sued the Presidency Mills Company, Ld., of Bank-street, to recover Rs. 42,000 as brokerage on a loan of Rs. 14 lakhs, was concluded yesterday before Mr. Justice Macleod, in the Bombay High Court.

The plaintiff stated that, as usual, the Mill was managed by the agents and the defendant. Dwarkadas Runchordas was, if not the sole partner, the principal man in the firm. The Mill had its Board of Directors, secretaries, etc., but Dwarkadas was the principal party who managed the concern. The plaintiff was a broker.

The defendant Company was heavily indebted to (amongst other persons) some of the Banks in Bombay, who were pressing for payment. Its credit not being good, they were unable to borrow money to pay their debts, except by mortgaging their property. Dwarkadas Runchordas, who knew that the plaintiff had, or might have influence to induce Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal to lend the defendant money, acting as agent for the defendant Mill, requested the plaintiff to negotiate for a loan for the Mill of 13 lakhs of rupees on the mortgage of the premises and liquid assets and he agreed to pay the plaintiff brokerage at 3 per cent. on any loan procured through the plaintiff's instrumentality.

The plaintiff agreed to the terms, and started negotiations with Bansilal, the son of Shivlal Motilal in Bombay. Shivlal Motilal was then at Hyderabad. Bansilal informed the plaintiff that his father would advance the loan, but that he wanted to see five years' balance-sheets of the defendant Company. The plaintiff saw Dwarkadas Runchordas, who furnished the required balance-sheets. They were given by the plaintiff to Bansilal, who next wished to see the defendants' Mills. The plaintiff saw Dwarkadas Runchordas, who deputed the Mill maccadam, Keshawlal, to accompany Bansilal and the plaintiff to see the Mills. A taxi-car was hired at defendants' expense and the Mill inspected. Bansilal was introduced by the plaintiff to Dwarkadas Runchordas, and an interview took place, at which the question of the loan was discussed. Bansilal then went to Hyderabad and plaintiff wrote to him there on the subject of the loan. Bansilal's replies were given to Dwarkadas to be shown to the Bank of India, one of the creditors, which was pressing for payment. Bansilal had again asked for the balance-sheet for 1910, and a statement or list of the machinery. The plaintiff supplied them to Bansilal from Dwarkadas. Later, however, Shivlal Motilal made a loan of 14 lakhs on the mortgage of the Mill, through a cotton broker named Meghji Gungalinx, and not through the plaintiff. The plaintiff was refused any commission and it was denied that he had been employed as a broker.

The defendants denied the allegation regarding the management of the Company. They also denied that the Company was cheavily indebted or that its credit was not good. Dwarkadas believed that the plaintiff was on bad terms with Shivlal, and heavily indebted to him, and did not think the plaintiff had, or might have influence with Shivlal. Dwarkadas had not asked the plaintiff to negotiate a loan with Shivlal of 13 lakhs, or otherwise, or agree to pay the plaintiff brokerage at 3 per cent. or any other rate. It was, however, a fact that the plaintiff had been allowed to approach Bansilal in the matter of a loan, and been promised something as brokerage, though no rate had been mentioned. When the plaintiff heard that Shivlal would not advance any money without seeing the mill himself, he expressed his inability to carry the matter through, because he knew Shivlal was hostile to him and did not wish to meet him, as he owed him large sum. The negotiations, therefore, came to an end.

The defendant Company then endeavoured to procure loans from other persons through other brokers, but finally Meghraj Gangalian induced Shivlal to grant a loan of 6 lakhs, on the mortgage of the Company's Mill, and 8 lakhs on the mortgage of the liquid assets. It was an entirely fresh transaction and the plaintiff had no concern with it.

Mr. Setalvad appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Wadia for the defendants.

Evidence was gone into and, while the complainant was being further examined, Mr. Setalvad submitted that the parties had come to a settlement. The plaintiff would get Rs. 4,000 and costs.

His Lordship allowed the case to be settled on those terms.

"DISHONEST DEFENCE."

The case in which Sadananda Ramkrishna of Parel sued Jamshedji Edulji Saklatwala of Mahim, to recover Rs. 37,988 for some building work at Khetwadi and Mahim, was first tried by Mr. Justice Macleod (who held against the defendant) and came on appeal before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Chandavarkar.

The defendant owned a piece of land at Khetwadi, on which was a two-storied house. The plaintiff undertook, as a contractor, to build a new house in place of the old one, for Rs. 11,701. The defendant, later, changed his mind, and determined to build a house differently planned from the one already begun. There were verbal agreements, but the parties quarrelled and Mr. Justice Macleod held that there had been some agreement to pay for the work at market rates. The defendant had paid the plaintiff Rs. 10,000 only, out of Rs. 35,000. In Mahim the plaintiff had been asked to build a chawl on the defendant's land, and he had conveyed some materials to the place at the defendant's request. The defendant had never intended to build but merely to hoodwink the Municipality and the Improvement Trust, which it was hoped, would acquire the land when some preparations for building were made. It appeared to Mr. Justice Macleod that the defendant in the first instance had obtained from the plaintiff, in some way or other (perhaps owing to his position of land manager of Messrs. Tata, Sons and Co., one of the greatest, if not the greatest of landed proprietors in Bombay), a most unconscionable bargain. No doubt, he secured that bargain, but, owing to the change of plans, he must be held to have allowed the advantage he had gained to slip out of his hands. Thereafter, he had treated the plaintiff (with whom he apparently was on friendly terms) in what his Lordship could only call the most dishonest fashion. The plaintiff had asked for money but could not get it. The defendant, in April 1909, had borrowed Rs. 35,000 on this very property, and, having gained as much advantage as he could from the work of the plaintiff and the building (which had been put up, at any rate as regards half of it, at the cost of the plaintiff) the defendant had refused to pay for the whole amount, less the amount realised by the sale of securities either by the Bank or by the Official Liquidator, and that, as to the residue of the claim, the Bank should be directed to prove its claim before the Judge.

In delivering judgment his Lordship made the rule absolute with costs, and ordered that the Bank of Bombay should be ranked creditor of the Spinning Company under liquidation to the full amount of Rs. 2,47,000. His Lordship held that the Bank was right in exhausting all methods to realize the debts, though there was a surety.

His Lordship certified that both the Bank and the Liquidator would get costs for two counsels each, and the costs would come out of the assets of the Company.

POLICE COURTS.

IMPORTATION OF ARMS.

A respectable-looking and well-dressed Mahomedan youth was yesterday charged before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, by Inspector Gough, with importing arms without a licence. The young man, whose name was Abdur Rahim, was a passenger by the British India steamer "Pentakota," which arrived in Bombay on Wednesday from East Africa.

Mr. R. S. Pandit, bar.-at-law, defended the accused.

The facts of the case were that, after the arrival of the steamer at 12-30 on Wednesday, a Mahomedan named Mahmood Khan Mahomed Khan had gone to Mr. M. J. Burns, Preventive Officer, and offered him a sovereign to pass two bags belonging to the accused, through the Customs. The Mahomedan told the officer that they contained nothing but clothing. Mr. Burns refused the money, and his suspicions aroused, examined the bags, and in one of them—a new kit-bag—came across a new leather belt used for carrying a revolver. He asked the accused if he had the revolver also, and the latter replied it had been left at Durban. It was then noticed that the corner of the cardboard lining had been folded, and further search disclosed a Colt's revolver and a box wrapped up in rags, containg a smaller revolver and one hundred rounds of ammunition. There was also a revolver hostler.

The accused pleaded guilty. He said he had been a resident in the Transval for the last eight or nine years, and had come from Delagoa Bay, where he had purchased the arms and ammunition. He was on the way to his native place, Jekeisa, in Afghanistan, and did not know a licence was required to bring arms into this country.

Mr. Pandit prayed for a lenient sentence on the ground that the accused was a youth of not more than eighteen years of age and there was nothing known against him. He requested his Worship to inflict a fine.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment, and a fine of Rs. 100, or, in default, four months' simple imprisonment.

In the afternoon, Inspector Gough arrested Mahmood Khan Mahomed Khan on a complaint from the Collector of Customs and charged him before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, with attempting to bribe a public servant.

Mr. Burns stated that the accused had taken a sovereign, and offering it to him, said: "Take this, Sahib, there is nothing, only clothes."

Abdur Rahim, the accused in the previous case, said Mahomed Khan was a brother of his, and was employed at the Bombay Docks as a labourer. He had given the accused two sovereigns, to be paid to the Customs if money were required to get his belongings cleared.

The accused pleaded not guilty, and said that he had offered the sovereign as duty for the goods, and demanded the balance due.

The Magistrate disbelieved the accused's story, and convicted and sentenced him to seven days' simple imprisonment, and a fine of Rs. 25. The arms, ammunition and the revolves belt were ordered to be confiscated.

YOGI IN COURT.

Yesterday, at the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, resumed the hearing of the case in which Inspector Sykes charged one Kashidas, a Brahmin, with cheating Kersasp Madon, a Parsi priest, in respect of Rs. 3,600.

The accused posed as an Yogi of Mount Abu and promising to secure him a handsome wife and a fortune of eight lakhs by means of magic, obtained from the complainant, from time to time, sums aggregating Rs. 3,600.

Evidence was recorded and the further hearing was adjourned.

BOMBAY INQUESTS.

DEATH OF A PRISONER.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, Coroner, yesterday, held an inquest touching the death of Sivaram Dadaji Ghore (30), who died on Wednesday evening at the Oomerkhady Jail.

The deceased was a prisoner undergoing five years' rigorous imprisonment, having been convicted in the Nasik Conspiracy Case. He had been, up to the 4th of December last, confined in the Sabarmati Central Jail, from where he was transferred to Oomerkhady Jail. After his removal to the latter place he did not appear to maintain good health, and was subject to severe coughs. He was admitted to the jail hospital on the 4th instant, where he died.

Medical opinion was that death had been due to bronchitis, and further evidence showed that the deceased complained of no ill-treatment.

OPIUM POISONING.

Fatalities due to opium poisoning appear to be largely on the increase, and in some cases the drug is administered as the result of a mistake due to sheer carelessness. Recently, we reported a case in which a mother's mistake cost her child its life.

The jury returned a verdict of death from bronchitis and now a similar occurrence has been brought to light.

Keshow Shivaram (11), a Hindu boy, was in the habit of taking a vegetable pill every evening. The pills were prepared by his mother. On Weadnesay she gave him one and went out with her husband. On their return home they found the boy asleep, and a few minutes later, heard him breathing heavily. The boy was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital, where he died. It was discovered that the boy had been given an opium pill instead of the medicinal pill he was used to take.

At the inquest held by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of death from opium poisoning, the opium having been administered by mistake.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. SIR HENRY PROCTER, A.D.C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 14th Feb., 1913.

1. An Instruction'l Class is held daily at the Riding School for N.C. Officers who are sitting for their Proficiency Examination, about the middle of March next.

The Range at Santa Cruz will be reserved for Class Firing on Sunday morning next, the 16th inst.

Train leaves Church Gate Station, at 7-5 a.m.

3. On Friday, the 21st inst. the Corps will take part in a combined parade, with H. E. the Governor's Bodyguard. Rendezvous at Church Gate Station, 7-30 p.m. punctually. Dress—Drill Order, Khaki, Carbines, Swords and Field Belts.

4. Members are reminded that the Annual Camp of Exercise will open at Santa Cruz on Saturday, February 22nd, and will continue until Monday, March 10th, when the Annual Inspection will be held by the G. O. C. C mmanding the 6th Division. The Officer Commanding hopes that there will be a large attendance throughout the whole of the training in camp, so as to prepare for a satisfactory inspection on the final day.

Members attending camp will be provided with fodder, grass and crushed oats throughout the camp, free of charge

The cost of messing in camp will not exceed Rs. 2-8 per head per diem, inclusive.

Canteen liquors will be provided at actual cost, plus a small allowance for the barman, and necessary expenses.

For those members who do not wish to furnish their tents arrangements can be made for furnishing them through Messrs. Jaffer Suleman and Co. at a cost of Rs. 12 per head.

All table crockery and bathtubs will be provided by the Corps, so that there may be no necessity for members to bring their own.

The Annual Sports will be held on Saturday, March 8th, at Santa Cruz. Full details will be posted on the notice boards as soon as the camp assembles.

The Corps Competitions will be run off during camp. Full particulars will be supplied to members in the course of the week.

The B. B. and C. I. Railway Company will make the usual concession to the Corps during the whole period of camp, viz, season tickets for Rs. 5. A deposit of Rs. 1 will be charged in addition to Rs. 5, the former being refunded on the 11th March next, on the surrender of the expired ticket, otherwise it will be forfeited. Application should be made at the Season Ticket Office, Church Gate Station.

HORSES' STABLE KIT.

Members should provide their horses with a warm rug, and a heel rope with shackle, to enable them to be picketed under the trees at the north end of the camp.

(Sd.) D. W. WILSON, Lieut.
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay L. Horse

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 14th Feb., 1913.

123. Competition.—The Hill Memorial Inter-Coy. Challenge Cup Competition will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday, the 16th inst. Conditions - Teams of 6, any rank, 200, 500 and 600 yards.

124. Rifle Meeting.—It is proposed to hold the Regimental Rifle meeting early in March and only those members who are efficient will be allowed to compete.

Members who have not completed their annual class firing must arrange to do so early.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Captain,
Offg. Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the shooting committee will be held at head-quarters Council Road, at 7 p.m. on Monday next, the 17th instant in connection with the annual Rifle meeting. All Committee members are expected to attend.

The All-Comers' Match in the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Ry. Vol. Rifle Meeting will be fired at Ghat Kopar at 7-30, on the 27th inst.

The sanitary staff in Burma is likely to be expanded as a consequence of the grants made to made to the Province by the Government of India. The full amount allotted cannot be spent at present owing to the want of a completely organised establishment. As the unexpended balances will be allowed to accumulate the money given will all be eventually applied to its special purpose.

SPORTING NEWS.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

The Wimbledon Cup.

The competition for the Wimbledon Cup was continued on Thursday morning over the Bombay course. The leading scores returned on the first day were all fairly level. Nicholson, who led on the first round, was disqualified, as he did not enter his name on the entry list previous to starting. The result of the competition for the Cup, which is retained for one year by the competitor returning the lowest scratch score, was a win for Coombs, who returned a card of 43 on both days and thus won with a score of 86 for the eighteen holes. Payne, with 44 and 43 was second. All the scores returned were very high and on neither day was any competitor able to equal "Bogey" score of 40. All engaged in the competition found the greens difficult and putting was more a matter of luck than judgment as the greens are at present very uneven. Coombs started with a four to the first hole. A. pulled second shot at the next hole placed a tree between him and the green and he took five to hole out. He got a four at the third and a five at each of the next two holes. The ground on the oval has been very much cut up by Polo ponies and consequently lies are very bad and these two holes cut him six each. He got a three at the eighth and had a putt for three on the last green, but took five to hole out. Of the other three competitors who tied for the lead on the first day, Aitken returned 46 and Adair 45 and each had a seven on his card. Dawson, who was round on 43 on the first day, took 51 for the second nine holes.

The Senior Handicap competition was won by Payne—3 with a nett score of 84. He started steadily but had a bad fifth hole to which he took seven strokes. To the sixth he took six strokes but got the long hole in five and completed his round with a three at the eighth and ninth. Evans 16 and Whitton 18 tie for the Junior Handicap competition with nett scores of 85. Dawson 8 and Candler 14 being second with 86. Results:—

WIMBLEDON CUP.

	1st round.	2nd round.	Score.
E. E. Coombs ...	43	43	86
T. H. Payne ...	44	43	87
Capt. Adair ...	43	45	88
H. P. T. Lattey ...	44	44	88
R. Aitken ...	43	46	89
R. D. England ...	45	44	89
G. W. Dawson ...	43	51	94
Major Preston ...	47	48	95
A. L. Clapham ...	50	47	97
K. Barbe... ...	49	50	99
A. P. Candler ...	49	51	100
W. Evans	51	50	101
H. A. Whitton ...	51	52	103
L. Miller	55	48	103
N. C. Gude ...	51	52	103
J. E. P. Curry ...	51	52	103

SENIOR HANDICAP.

	Score.	H'cap.	Result.
J. H. Payne ...	87	—3	84
E. E. Coombs ...	86	+2	88
H. P. T. Lattey ...	88	Scr.	88
Major Preston ...	95	—6	89
Capt. Adair ...	88	+2	90
R. Aitken ...	89	+2	91
R. D. England ...	89	+3	92

JUNIOR HANDICAP.

	Score.	H'cap.	Result.
H. A Whitton...	103	—18	85
W. Evans ...	101	—16	85
G. W. Dawson..	94	—8	86
A. P. Candler ...	100	—14	86
J. E. P. Curry ...	103	—16	87
N. C. Gude ...	103	—16	87
L. Miller ...	103	—16	87
A. L. Clapham ...	97	—8	89
K. Barbe ...	99	—10	89

BOMBAY HUNT.

With a falling thermometer and an early daybreak, we had every reason to hope that the morning's sport would be good; and our hopes were justified when we met yesterday at Santa Cruz and some forty-five of us were out to take part in the noble sport of hunting. Once more I have to record a visit to the Horseshoe Valley, and once more to relate the experiences of the intrepid ones who scaled the heights, but this time with success, as the hounds ran their quarry down and killed on the topmost ridge of the High Hill. It is pleasing to report that amongst the "mountaineers" were two of our lady members, Mrs. L. Graham and Mrs. Carmichael, who had followed hounds throughout; and those who have accomplished the climb will appreciate their sporting spirit.

A jack was found on the far side of the Graveyard, and made for Sahar Hill, but, changing his direction for Caleena, we went off at a great pace until the cart track, where we swung left-handed and past Sahar Church, on towards the Backwater.

It was at this point that a riderless horse appeared on the scene, which I understand was the first of four accidents; but I am glad to say that all the "patients" are doing well and no serious damage resulted.

After leaving the church on our left, and galloping merrily over the paddy-fields, we crossed the Backwater at a shallow ford, and once more experienced those very unpleasant hills covered with stones and trees that lie at the foot of the Hog's Back range. When we emerged into the open, hounds were seen to be well ahead, going splendidly, and on reaching the left-hand side of the Horseshoe Valley, the field split up into three parties. One went into the valley itself, another along towards the Powai Valley, and the rest up the hillside, in the wake of the gallant pack, who by this time had reached the summit and were close on "his" brush. And sure enough, a few minutes afterwards, they killed him at the very top of the hill.

It was a good run, but one is getting a little tired of "hills," and let us hope that when we meet at Wakola on the 16th, we may find a customer who prefers the level for a change.

J. C.

BOMBAY RACES.

2nd Day, Saturday, 15th February.

Horses left in after declaration of final forfeit at 4 p.m. on Thursday, the 13th February.

THE GRAND WESTERN HANDICAP.—About 1 mile 1 furlong.

	st. lbs.		st. lbs.
Beckmesser	10 0	Refresher	7 10
Hilarity	9 8	Meddling	7 4
Bombastic	8 9	Coat of Arms.	7 0
Soultline	8 6	Hamara	7 0
Keerit	8 0	Lady Erna	6 13
Wayward and Wild	8 0	The Cellarer	6 10
Loki	8 0	Lancasterite	6 0
Valerius	7 12		

THE IMPORTERS HANDICAP.—6 furlongs.

	st. lbs.		st. lbs.
Kilbirnie	10 5	Pincher	8 0
Bombastic	10 4	Atropine	8 0
Lithosian	9 6	Borgie	7 9
Eagle Bird	9 6	Smirk	7 6
Malmsey	8 10	Lord Reay	6 12
Macaun	8 7	Madrina	6 7
Solution	8 0	Yvette	6 0

THE MALABAR HILL PLATE.—6 furlongs. Lord Carlyon, Franconi, Lumination, Paul Pry, Punt, Hoppner, Watch Tower, Impecunious, Sugar Loaf, Kilbirnie, Ute and Eagle Bird.

THE IMPERIAL PLATE.—About 1 1-4 miles. Rozelmulook, Guinea Merchant, Mysore, Aga, Hadee and Sir Faraz.

THE BOMBAY DERBY.—About 1 mile 5 furlongs. Regent, Tazilmulook, Real Gold, Gowahajmer, Lord Durham, Assud, Sweden, Solar Star, Young Salanic, Thulfha, Beyrut, Moosahar, Sir Knight, Berar and Nakib.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE.—About 7 furlongs. Abdul Malik, Baloz, Zoolphokarr, Rajput, Majeed, Gafal, Young Majub and Singer.

THE MELTON PLATE.—6 furlongs. Monte Carlo, Moomtaj, Zigomar, Salisbury, Jawan, Rummy, Shot Silk, Old China, Ata Allah, Miskin, Hid Hid, Malayeb, Hama, Plevna and Moorshid.

REVISED LIST OF DATES.

Bombay Races, 2nd Day, Saturday, 15th.
Bombay Races, 3rd Day, Wednesday, 19th.
Bombay Races, 4th Day, Saturday, 22nd.
Bombay Races, 5th Day, Wednesday, 26th.
Bombay 8th Extra Meeting, Saturday, 1st Mar.
Bombay 9th Extra Meeting, Wednesday 5th Mar.
Bombay 10th Extra Meeting, Saturday, 8th Mar.

LAWN TENNIS.

Marryatt Cup at the Bombay Gymkhana.

On Monday next the Marryatt competition, at the Bombay Gymkhana, will commence. There are fifteen entries and taking them all round, they are very representative of the standard of play in the Gymkhana. W. Reid, last year's winner, has gone home on leave and so he cannot compete. In his absence, therefore, it is fairly safe betting to say that the contest will devolve into a struggle between Capt. Lucas, Milne, Kidd and England. Of the first three, Kidd is playing the steadiest game at present, but even steadiness at times is no match for brilliance; and both Milne and Lucas have shown in past years what they can do. England, who has lately returned from home, has played but few games in the Gymkhana, but he has shown that his game, especially his service, has improved wonderfully. His American break service is particularly good, and he varies it cleverly at times with real 60-miles-an-hour smashes, his height being of great advantage to him in this respect. He is much steadier than heretofore off the ground too. In Tennis, as in most things, youth will tell, and so, perhaps, it would not come as a great surprise if he succeeded in winning the competition outright. Of the remainder of the competitors, Williams, McCormack and Portlock will probably give the best account of themselves. The Marryatt Cup is the Gymkhana Championship, and the forerunner of the Western India Open Amateur Championship, consequently, much interest is sure to be centred in the form of the Gymkhana representatives in this competition.

The following is the draw for the Marryatt Cup:—

Mr. C. T. Sisson
Capt. T. C. Lucas
Major E. E. Preston
Mr. L. S. Bartlett
Mr. J. Stuart Milne
Mr. M. F. Nicholson
Mr. E. J Bunbury
Mr. P. M. D. Saadeasor
Mr. B. Kidd
Capt. J. H. James
Mr. A. E. Williams
Mr. R. P. England
Mr. K. H. M. Cormack
Mr. H. W. Filby
Mr. F. F. Portlock
Bye
N & M
8-6, 6-3
D & A
6-1, 6-8, 6-1
C & J
6-0, 6-2
S & S
6-2, 6-3
M & J
W O
D & K
6-3, 2-6, 6-2
B & W
6-3, 6-2
D & G
5-7, 6-4, 6-3
G & G
4-6, 6-3, 6-3
Bye
N & M 6-3, 6-3
S & S 7-5, 6-3
D & K 6-0, 6-0
B & W 6-0, 6-2
D & G 6-4, 3-6, 7-5
G & G 6-4, 3-6, 7-5
N & M 6-3, 6-1
S & S 6-3, 6-1, 6-3
Bhadkumker & Wagle 6-2, 6-1
Bhadkumker & Wagle 3-6, 6-4, 7-5

THE WEATHER.

Thunderstorms and Rainfall in North-East India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, FEB. 13.

The conditions favourable to thunderstorms were intensified yesterday, and rainfall occurred over a large area in central and north-east India. Heavy cloud continues over north-east India, where thunderstorms will probably occur again to-day. The winter depression has now appeared, and, as it has already given rain at the entrance to the Persian Gulf, important rainfall may be expected in northwest India during the next few days.

The Chief rainfall reported are :—Myitkyina and Bhurgarh 1·4 inch; Silchar, Chaibassa and Dharamsanga, 1·2 inch; Tezpur, Hazaribagh, 1·4 inch; Ranchi, 1 1·2 inch; Gorakhpur, Lucknow, Jhansi, Pratna and Raipur, 1·4 inch; Allahabad, Cawnpore and Nowgong, 1·2 inch; Chanda, 1 inch.

Forecast :—Precipitation is likely in Baluchistan and the adjoining districts to the east thunderstorm in Northern India and Upper Burma.

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 13.

Reports from the North-West Frontier Provinces show that already most of the unirrigated crops in Sirajat have suffered severely from the failure of the winter rains. There is probably a similar state of things in the tribal country and Eastern Afghanistan.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 13TH FEBRUARY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. More rain wanted generally. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops. Crop accounts unfavourable.

Mooltan.—Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Delhi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally for rabi crops.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well

Cawnpore.—Sufficient rain fallen generally. All crops doing well.

Benawar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Hail storms. If rain continues longer, it will prove injurious to Rabi crops.

Dhulia.—Lightly cloudy. Wheat doing well.

Jalgaon.—Seasonable. Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton smaller area sown this year. Food-grains prospects improving and doing well; Wheat doing well; flourishing. Late rains expected to improve wheat crop. Wheat prospects improving.

Broach.—Seasonable. Sometimes continues slightly cloudy. Cotton plants showing bells rapidly ripening; crop accounts satisfactory; crop making good progress; picking of first sowing partially begun.

Wadhwan.—Seasonable. Cotton crop making good progress. Cotton picking commenced. Cotton arrivals expected early.

Bhavnagar.—Cotton arrivals expected early.

Barsi.—Cloudy and unseasonable.

Hubli—Mornings cold and dewy. Cotton plants showings bolls rapidly ripening. Scarcely any damage expected to cotton plants.

Bellary.—Cotton picking general. Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 13th February, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess in the south-western and the submontane districts.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general except in the extreme north-western districts; Jhansi has had 0·34", Cawnpore 0·48" and Allahabad 0·41". Skies are heavily clouded at the last mentioned station but clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in the area of rainfall. Night temperature is in excess at most stations.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jaipur records 0·17" of rain during a thunder-storm. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in Sind and lightly clouded in Rajputana. The air is drier than usual at Karachi but damper in east Rajputana. Temperature has become normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess in west Central India and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Night temperature is in defect at Dwarka, Bhuj and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the south-eastern districts; Chanda has had 0·89" and Raipur 0·21". Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess except in the extreme western districts. Maximum temperature is in defect at Raipur; minimum temperature is above normal at some stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally clear. The air is drier than usual at Bombay. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hydera'ad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in Hyderabad and clear in the Bombay Deccan. Humidity is in excess at Nizamabad and Hyderabad and normal or in defect elsewhere. Minimum temperature is higher than usual at most stations.

General Remarks.—Rainfall associated with thunder-storms has been local in Rajputana and nearly general in the south-east Central Provinces and in the United Provinces with the exception of the extreme north-western districts. Unsettled conditions which have given light to moderate precipitation in the Persian area have begun to affect the weather in Sind where cloud has increased.

A few showers may occur in the extreme eastern districts of the Central Provinces and the adjacent parts of the United Provinces and of Hyderabad north. Isolated showers are possible also in Sind.

G. W. TALBOT.
Offg. Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORT.

The following General Summary of crop and season report for the Presidency during last week are published.—

The standing rabi crops were generally in good condition except for slight damage by insects in parts of Dharwar; they were withering in parts of West Khandesh and Ahmednagar. Harvesting of rabi crops was in progress in parts of Broach, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Baroda, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur. Picking of cotton was in progress in parts of Sind, Gujarat, the Karnatak, Kathiawar, Cutch, and Rewa Kantha. The fodder-supply was adequate except in parts of Ahmednagar. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition, but was deficient in parts of Cutch and was deteriorating in Ahmednagar. Drinking water-supply was generally adequate except in parts of Ahmednagar and Sholapur. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in parts of Nawashah, Ahmedabad, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, and Bijapur. Prices of food-grains have fallen in Sukkur Broach, Surat and Sholapur, risen in Larkana, Kanara, Belgaum and Dharwar, and are stationary elsewhere. Quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee are 16 to 41 percent. less than normal in Sind, 14 to 43 per cent. less than normal in Gujarat, 23 to 38 per cent. less than normal in the Konkan, 26 to 52 per cent. less than normal in the Deccan and 25 to 51 per cent. less than normal in the Karnatak.

The public health was generally good. In Ahmednagar, where famine has been declared, the distress is not yet very severe, but it will probably increase on the completion of the rabi harvest. Emigration continues, and nearly 4,100 persons have left the district during the week. No wandering or emaciation has been noticed. The people on relief are in good condition. Special measures for weavers and artizans are not necessary at present Liberal suspensions of land revenue are being granted and takavi is being freely advanced for fodder. Grass imported by Government agency is being sold to needy cultivators at low rates. Cattle kitchens financed from charitable funds have been opened. Measures for the improvement of the water supply are in progress. Charitable funds are being utilized for the grant of clothing to people on dole. The numbers on gratuitous relief for week ending 8th February were 15,445 in Ahmednagar, and 1,381 in Poona and Sholapur.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere.

NEW BOOKS.

"A RUNAWAY RING" by Mrs. Henry Dudeney.—"A Runaway Ring" deserves all the sympathy it can get, for it is full of real life, interesting and vigorously observed. No living novelist excels Mrs. Dudeney in the grey and detailed portraiture of British middle-class family life. The Baigent family, to whom she introduces us in the present story, form a portrait gallery of genuine masterpieces. They live in Highbury, in solid comfort of the mahogany and roast beef order, and they are an appalling crowd. Inordinately self-satisfied with their respectable descent, eloquent in reminiscences of an interminable array of uninteresting aunts and uncles, rigidly orthodox, and fortified with conventional moral dogmas, they have set up a standard of conduct and judgment which admits of no deviation to the right hand or to the left. When any new member is received into the circle by marriage or by birth, he or she has to conform at once to the family code, or endure the united raising of the family eyebrow. What chance, then, had sweet, winsome, overflowing Fanny Floate, when she was brought into the ring by her ill-assorted marriage with Ninian Baigent? Fanny had lived happily in the country, alone with a kindly lady whom she believed to be her aunt, and of whose blighted past and bibulous present she was happily ignorant. Of course, the Baigents set themselves, with all the relish of the amateur detective, to solve the secret of Aunt Frusannah's shame, and when they had nosed it out, and laid it bare before Fanny, she in her turn told them the truth about themselves in no half-hearted fashion, "I am sick of this dead house" she cried full of mouldy ghosts—Grandma and Grandpa Brigent, Aunt Augusta, Matilda Spence—silly old things! Everything is stagnant in this house; it is—decomposing!" And she broke loose from the whole business, and rushed away to her mother-aunt and to freedom. Could there have been any reconstruction of such a family catastrophe, the Baigents being what they were? It seems unlikely, but Mrs. Dudeney works her way to a reconciliation, and so comforts the reader with a moderately happy ending. This solution will please many, but even more readers, perhaps will wish that Fanny had recaptured her freedom without capitulation. The taint of the Baigents is, too, virulent for so sincere a creature to resist for long without another and a fatal outbreak.

"Monarchs and Men" is the title of a volume of critical essays by Maximilian Harden on several prominent personages, including our late King Edward, the German Emperor, the great Bismark, the Tsar of Russia, the Emperor of Austria, Pope Leo XIII., Leo Tolstoi, and Mr. Rockfeller, the two last, curiously enough, being bracketed together. Naturally, the most interesting is that on King Edward VII.—whom Herr Harden frequently refers to as "Prince Bertie" and "the Crown Prince"—but, like all the others, it is written in an exasperatingly discursive style, and sometimes betrays a flippant point of view. Here, for instance, is the summary of King Edward's character and career. "A lucky man. He enjoyed life from the day he left the nursery. English men did not mind that; they would not have liked a morose and stingy monarch. Prince Bertie, who ate well, drank well, did well at the Derby, at the tables, and settled the fashion of the season, was the man for them. . . . As King he had everything he desired. He never pushed against the rails, which were jealously watched by the guardians of the Constitution. He seemed to live only for pleasure, yet increased the resources of his Empire by work which never met the eye. He afforded his sporting people a new spectacle—a conflict of uncle and nephew. He was the most popular figure in the Empire. Every one who was annoyed with him could not long resist his amiability and his readiness to laugh, even at himself. As there was no hope of winning fresh advantages, Edward lay down and died after a few hours of moderate pain. He never experienced the pain of unfruitful conduct. A lucky man." (Eveleigh Nash).

CARMEN SYLVA AND SKETCHES from the Orient by Pierre Loti (Macmillan).—This is a dainty volume with a charmingly written account of the Queen of Roumania known in literature as Carmen Sylva. Pierre Loti visited one of the Royal homes of Roumania, set amid pine forests, in 1887; more than two years later he saw the Queen in the palace at Bucharest on the occasion of her last fete day before she passed into "exile"; and in the following autumn he saw her again, broken in health but charming as ever, in Venice. With little of actual description, the writer, with his ready delicate skill, gives us a clear impression of the thoughtful, kindly woman whom fate had called to a throne, and who passed from that high position to a kind of exile. Whether telling us of her as the fairy queen of the Castle of Sinaia, showing her "mothering" the ladies in attendance on her, rising early that she might do that literary work to which she felt impelled without allowing it to interfere with her social duties, whether showing her as the shadowed queen of her own fete day, or describing a couple of days with her in those restful gondola meanderings at Venice from which it was hoped that the Queen's health might benefit, Pierre Loti always succeeds in making us feel towards the central figure of the scene something of the same loving homage with which he was inspired. The lightly-touched sketches of a literary artist give us truer pictures of personality than the most detailed compilation of the biographer, and thus it is that from the earlier essays in this volume, slight and dainty though they are, we seem to get a true presentation of a deeply thoughtful and tender woman.

Boundless, unrestricted pity, all-pardoning and all-embracing, expecting nothing in return, such to my mind is the rare, the somewhat superhuman gift with which time and suffering, deception and ingratiude, have endowed this queen. But with that ardent nature of hers, that passionate enthusiasm for everything noble and beautiful, she must have passed through many a surpise, submitted to many an indignity, and felt the stirrings of many a rebellion, before winning that ultra-terrestrial smile which seems to form an integral part of her being. "Almost every one of us has passed through his Gethsemane and his Calvary," she wrote once; "those who rise again belong to earth no more." The later essays or sketches deal with Constantinople and Japan—both of them as visited twenty years ago—and that on the former will be read with a special interest at the present time, when Turkey is engaged in a struggle for the preservation of her very existence in Europe. Pierre Loti is an enthusiast about Constantinople, and even in 1890 looked forward with anxiety as to what would be the result of the Westernising of the Turk. The papers that make up this charming volume have been very ably translated by Mr. Fred Rothwell.

A vivid and charming historical novel is "King Errant," by Flora Annie Steel, with a most gallant hero, Zahir-ud-din Mahomed, commonly called Babar, Emperor of India, "the first of the dynasty which we misname the Great Moghuls," a most complex and romantic personality, "poet, painter, soldier, athlete, musician, beggar, and king" whose life was one series of extraordinary adventures, even in that adventurous age—the end of the fifteenth and beginning of the sixteenth centuries—and who left his permanent mark on Mohammedan India. The story is written in Mrs. Steel's most spirited and symathetic style, and reflects her wonderful knowledge of, and enthusiastic interest in, the character and history of the fine race which for three centuries dominated India, till, with the march of Time, it became degenerate and passed away. (Heinemann).

Messrs. Methuen & Bros. are publishing a novel by Miss. Evelyn F. Heywood entitled "PASSIONS OF STRAW," a story which unfolds the poignant tragedy of a woman who, being proud, beautiful, and ambitious, finds herself wedded to a cynic and a roue.

"Wo" by Maurice Drake, which Messrs. Methuen & Bros. will publish recently, is a sensational story of the present-day illicit seafaring. A critic who has read Mr. Drake's story in manuscript remarked that it was the most exiting yarn of the sea and its scoundrelism since "The Wreckers."

A re-written and enlarged edition of 'LOHENGRIN AND PARSIFAL' by Mrs. Leighton Cleather and & Basil Crump will be issued by Messrs. Methuen Bros. Wagner's great mystical music-drama 'Parsifal" hitherto confined to Bayreuth, will be free to the world in 1914. This book gives the only complete description of the work, with Wagner's own comments and explanations collected from his writings. The companion work 'Lohengrin' is similarly, but more briefly, treated.

"THE VICAR OF MORWENSTOW" by the Rev. S. Baring-Gould is to be added to Messrs. Methuen Bros'. Shilling Library. This is a new edition of the life of the Rev. R. S. Hawker, the famous Cornish parson, poet, humourist, eccentric, and the idol of his flock. Hawker's ballad of Trelawney, under the title 'Song of the Western Men', is the national anthem of Cornwall.

His Majesty, the German Emperor, has been graciously pleased to accept a copy of "SIXTY YEARS OF A SOLDIER'S LIFE", by Major-Gen. Sir Alfred E. Turner.

Messrs. John Long Bros. will shortly publish a new novel entiled "THE LURE OF CROONING WATER," by Marion Hill, author of "THE PETTISON TWINS," etc. The heroine, Georgette Verlaine, is an actress: more—she is a charming, fascinating, irresistible, young woman, alive to her very finger-tips. It is a full, strong novel, tragic in parts, yet always human, and with a touch of quiet humour which adds its own peculiar relish to the story. The book is so spontaneous and genuine in its humour as to afford its readers a delightful experience which they want to go through again by further perusal.

A story which deals with the influence of a strong personality over a weak one—that extraordinary and magnetic influence which is more often exerted by a woman over a man than by a man over a woman—is "THE TENON'S MELODRAMA," by Louise Valmer, essentially a novel of character, in which the three principal persons are drawn with a sure and powerful touch—the man, a famous opera singer, with the passionate, susceptible temperament of an artist; and the two women who represented the good and evil influences in his life, and whose natural antagonism developed into a silent but intense and long-protracted contest for the mastery of his weak soul; a contest which could only have one ending, since "hate is finite and love infinite," but which too often is not ended in this phase of existence which we call life. The book is vivaciously written, and, though the main interest is purely psychological, it has many moving and dramatic moments. (Stephen Swift).

It is a drawback often felt when reading novels of American life, written by Americans, that their ways of thinking and acting are not ours. Perhaps this is merely insular prejudice, but, at any rate, the objection does not apply to "THE INNER FLAME," by C. L. Burnham (Constable), which is a charming and simple story of the lives of three cousins. Two of them, a brother and sister, are city-bred and somewhat bored with life; but the third, also a youth, has been brought up in the mountains, and comes to New York to study art in all the freshness and enthusiasm of one who is determined to get the best out of life. The authoress has cleverly contrasted the three leading characters, whose destinies are closely interwoven, the "dea ex machina" being an irascible but wholly delightful servant named Eliza, who takes the young stranger under her wing, and is able to render him valuable help. As might be expected, the two cousins are drawn to each other by even closer ties, and the growth of their affection for each other is sympathetically developed. The authoress has a wholesome gift of humour, and the whole story is artistically conceived.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette" Feb. 13.)

Mr. H. K. Kadri has been appointed Inspector for the whole of the City of Bombay on probation for six months, with effect from 14th January vice Mr. P. De Souza, resigned. Mr. H. M. Chibber, Assistant Professor of Botany, Agricultural College, Poona, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from 25th February.

Rao Saheb Laxman Narayan Joglekar will act as District Deputy Collector, Sholapur, during the absence on leave of Rao Bahadur Ganesh Hari Anjaneyankar.

Saiyid Fakhruddin Abubakr El Edrus, Huzur Deputy Collector, Nasik, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from 22nd December.

The following transfers of Mamlatdars are ordered :—(1) Mr. Appaji Krishna Deshpande from Maval to Khed. (2) Mr. Narayan Sakharam Kale from Khed to Taloda, and (3) Mr. Shaligram Atmaram Ovalekar from Taloda to Maval.

Mr. Subrao Venkatesh Kulkarni, Chitnis to the Collector of Ratnagiri, is granted privilege leave for two months and-a-half with effect from 1st February. Mr. Parashram Krishna Kulkarni, substantive pro tem. Fifth Grade Mamlatdar doing duty as Chitnis vice Mr. Kulkarni.

Mr. Mahadev Malhar Samant, Mahalkari, of Mandangad, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Rajapur.

In consequence of the death of Mr. Jiwaj Dhondo Limaye, Mamlatdar, Second Grade, and District Inspector of Land Records, Kanara, the following promotions are ordered with effect from 20th January 1913: Mr. Shivrao Kabad, substantive pro tem. Second Grade Mamlatdar, Dapoli, to be Mamlatdar, Second Grade: Mr. Sarvottam Sheshgiri Karnadkar, Mamlatdar, Third Grade, Khanapur, to be substantive pro tem. Second Grade Mamlatdar: Mr. Krishnaji Gururao Gunjikar, substantive pro tem. Third Grade Mamlatdar, Sirsi, to be Mamlatdar, Third Grade: Mr. Vithal Vishwambhar Gayatonde. Mamlatdar, Fourth Grade, Hukeri, to be substantive pro tem. Third Grade Mamlatdar: Mr. Balkrishna Anant Palekar, substantive pro tem. Fourth Grade Mamlatdar doing duty as Chitnis to the Collector of Dharwar, to be Mamlatdar Fourth Grade: Mr. Subrao Venkatesh Kulkarni, Mamlatdar, Fifth Grade doing duty as Chitnis to the Collector of Ratnagiri, to be substantive pro tem. Fourth Grade.

Mr. Narsing Narayan Udiyavar, Probationary Fifth Grade Mamlatdar, is confirmed in that grade.

Mr. Keshav Ramchandra Prabhu, B. A., acting Head Clerk to the Collector of Belgaum, is appointed to act as District Inspector of Land Records, Kanara, vice Mr. J. D. Limaye, B. A., deceased.

Mr. B. Y. Nerurkar, Mamlatdar, First Grade, and Resident Magistrate Dharwar and Hubli is granted one month's privilege with effect from the 17th January.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Sardegna." Feb. 15.

The following is the list of passengers per Italian Mail s. s. "Sardegna," Capt. A. Muzio sails to-morrow. Cabin passengers are requested to be present at Victoria Dock, No. 3 Shed, at 2-30 p.m. (Standard Time) Sharp, for the medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port. Deck passengers will have to be present at Prince's Dock, New Disinfecting Station at 1 p.m. (Standard Time) with their luggage and kit :—

Anderson, Mrs. H.
Banerje, Mr.
Bonaventura, Rev. Fr.
Bronzis, Mr. N.
Comminos, Mr. T.
Chiesa, Mr, P.
Cooper, Mr. A. G. Mrs. and inf.
Clifford, Miss M.
Clifford, Mr. C,
Cunningham, Miss B.
Cutler, Mrs. and 2 Children.
Dominic, Rev. Fr. D. C. & 2 other Missionaries
Dutt, Mr. L. B.
Fonseca, Mr. A. H. Mrs. & 3 children.
Fonseca, Miss M.
Farnon, Mr. and Mrs.
Fehr, Mr. H.
Fisher, Mr. B.
Forrester, Mrs. G. and 2 Children.
Greene, Mr.
Giffard, Capt. C. H.
Goncalves Diaz, Mr. and Mrs.
Gordon, Cable Mrs. and inf.
Hall, Miss A.
Heywood, Rev. and Mrs. C. P.
Hadrill, Mr. A. W.
Jamieson, Mr. D.
Jermings, Miss L. M.
Johnson, Capt. A. E.
John, Mrs. N. A.
Jordanides, Mrs.
Kinsely, Miss.
Lang, Mrs. E. L. and inf.
Lapp, Rev. and Mrs. O.
Lowe, Mr. and Mrs.
Michotte, Rev. Fr. R.
Moultrie, Mrs. S. B.
McGill, Miss
Money, Maj E. D. and Mrs.
Money, Capt. H. G.
Osmana, Rev. Mother Mary
Preyer, Mr. A.
Prisca, Sister Mary
Rowan, Miss
Reiser, Miss
Ramsay, Rev. W. and Mrs.
Ramsay, Miss
Rathod, Mr. P. M.
Ranades, Mr. G. S.
Stansfeld, Maj H. H. G. and Mrs.
Shipman, Maj H. and Mrs.
Stevens, Mrs. M.
Woolbert, Lieut. Col. H. R.
Walker, Miss D

The Tivoli is to be rebuilt, with greater accommodation, better ventilation—all the latest improvements. Woe is me that this should come to pass! Though all the other halls in London became variety threatres, the Tivoli, one thought, would remain true to the old tradition; the Tivoli, with its intimate crowd of gay companions semi-circling the tiny stage, its sudden bursts of laughter, its roaring choruses, its jovial comedians, its jovial manager. Its jovial manager! Yes! Joe Wilson was the keystone of the arch. Or, rather, let us say, he was the spirit of the place; a stately cherub, he flitted through the house—before and behind the scenes—beaming. He was not a "front-of-the-house" man, he was not a managing director in a band-box, he was "The Tivoli!"—mixing with artistes, pressmen, and public; occasionally drinking with them in a friendly, avuncular way that never imperilled his easy dignity, enjoying himself hugely, making you suspect he hid wings under his dress-coat and sometimes carried a sword at his thigh.

All this in the past tense, as though Wilson and his Tivoli were dead and buried! And yet! will mine host beam as mightily through his new variety theatre as he does in his old hall? Will he not lose himself in its passage-ways, will not his feet tire of tripping up and down its lofty staircases, will he be able to draw its highpiled audience into personal relations with himself and his stage? Let us hope for the best, though with trembling; let us make believe we do not hear the bell that tolls for be passing of the music-hall.

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GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

The Playhouse has reopened with a portrayal of school life, called "The Headmaster," from the pens of Mr. W. T. Coleby and Mr. E. Knoblauch, which kept the audience very pleasantly entertained. Its pictures of a headmaster, Dr. Sanctuand his boys; of his daughters and their love-affairs with an assistant master and a prefect; of a very Anthony-Trollopian sister of a Dean, who marks the headmaster for her own, and very nearly succeeds in marrying him; and of the worthy doctor's ambitions for a bishopric, are all, of course, rather remote from reality. Yet there is a sufficient grain of truth in every scene, and indeed in every speech, to justify the authors' description of their work as "a comedy." There is, indeed, not a character in it that has not, more or less, actually lived. The "Head" himself we have all met at some time or other, and to some extent or other—and some of us have waited in his room for a birching, just as young Jim and Bill waited last night in the first act. And that soppy young curate-elect, Mr. Palisser Grantley, with his delicate throat, his spectacles and his everlasting "Mamma"—who is there who has not known some one very like him in the years gone by? And the gallant young science master (from Cambridge), mighty in the cricket field—have we not all fagged in the "country" for him while he gaily plastered our best bowlers to the boundary at his pleasure? A play which not only recalls, but in some measure vivifies, such memories is one to be seen.

It seems almost harsh to set forth in detail a story so gentle as that of "The Headmaster." What we have said above seems sufficiently to indicate it. Of course, the soppy curate-elect seeks the hand of Miss Portia Sanctuary, but is compelled eventually to retire before the "stunning Cantab," Jack Strahan, the maker of "centuries." Equally, of course, Jack and Portia vow to each other that their hearts will never change, and that their love will last for ever-all lovers of their years do so. And the good Dr. Sanctuary who is a widower, gets frightfully muddled over everything, for the reason that he is thinking a great deal too much about that bishopric, until Portia reminds him how unworldly he was when her mother was alive, where-upon he sheds the tear of remorse before his dead wife's picture, and lets the bishopric go hang. A good deal of Farce is mixed with the Comedy, and occasionally the sentiment clashes rather badly with what has gone before. Once, too, in the first act, the Dean's sister makes a remark regarding an article offered for sale by Portia at a jumble stall at a bazaar in which it was not very easy to see any point worthy the making. The ends of both the third and fourth acts, moreover, needed some working up and pulling together last night. As they stood, they not only brought down the curtain, but let down the play. That, however, can be remedied easily enough, and the right "snap" given. When that is done, "The Headmaster" should be a lasting success. Even last night its reception was of the heartiest.

Happily, it provides Mr. Cyril Maude with one of the best parts he has had for many a long day. His Dr. Sanctuary is, indeed, a most diverting person, often quite wildly funny, and yet nearly always showing that touch of sincerity amid all the oddity that saves comedy from becoming mere caricature. Mis Margery Maude—that "lass with the delicate air"—gives us a very charming Portia and makes every speech she has to give a living thing. She helps the play enormously. So, also, does Miss Frances Ivor as the terrible sister of the Dean, a most amusing impersonation; while Mr. Arthur Curtis as the dreadful smug, Palisser Grantley, is not less diverting on broader lines. Mr. Edward Combermere endows the "stunning Cantab" with the right breeziness; Mr. Charles Bibby has not much to do in the part of the Dean, but does it perfectly; and some quite charming juveniles are forthcoming in Miss Kathleen Jones and Masters Eric Rae and Kendrick Huxham. In fine, when the finales of the third and fourth acts have been pulled together, "The Headmaster" will be one of the best entertainments in town.

Mr. George Moore's dramatisation of his novel, "Esther Waters," which the Stage Society, to their honour, acted on December 10, 1911, at the Apollo Theatre, has now been brought out in volume form by Mr. William Heinemann, and can be had, neatly bound and well printed, for half-a crown. In addition to the full text of the play, the cast of the company on that well-rembered occasion is given, and there is also a Preface by Mr. Moore himself, in which the author of some of the severes strictures ever written on the art and profession of the actor, pays a tribute to the interpreters of his play of which they may indeed be proud. One passage may well be quoted, if only for the reason that it does something like justice to one of the most valuable artists on the English stage at the present day :—For a long time past my memories of the stage were two: Jean de Reszke in "Tristan" and Forbes Robertson in "Hamlet." Miss Cicely Hamilton has given me a third, and I shall never forget the strain of inaudible music that began as soon as she opened the door; her voice took it up and it grew more intense, spending itself at last in the beautiful crescendo when she asks Esther to say a prayer with her.

One remembers many performances of Miss Hamilton that have been quite as beautiful and as perfect as her Mrs. Barfield in "Esther Warters"—her Mrs. Knox, for instance in "Fanny's First Play," her impersonation of the dead Mother in "Hannele's Dream," and the performance she gave only a week or two ago in the play. "The Tide" at the Queen's Theatre. And one recalls that her success in all these parts was one, not merely of a musical and most appealing voice, but of the sympathy and understanding that come from knowledge of life.

The eight months' run of "Princess Caprice" at the Shaftesbury will conclude in a few days and Mr. Robert Courtneidge has in rehearsal the New York success, 'Oh, Oh, Delphine," for early production. The last week of the special matinees of Shock-Headed Peter, at the Vaudeville Theatre is announced, as Mr, Edmund Gwenh and Miss Hilda Travelyan, by arrangement with Messrs. A. and S. Gatti, have decided to withdraw this children's fairy play after the matinee performance on Saturday next. This will in no way interfere with the run of that "obstinate success, the comedy "Little Miss Llewelyn," which will continue to be performed every evening, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons also,

HIGH COURT—FEB. 14.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr Justice Chandavarkar.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposals.

62-12, 686-11 Edgelow G W and Co Shivnarayan Purbhulai vs Soda Fana and Co, Jamshedji R D and Co

19-12, 1160-10 Payne and Co, Rahim Vally Mahomed vs N J Gamadia and another, Bicknell M R and Co, Payne and Co

31-12, 236-03 Ardeshir R D and Co, Ebji Umersey vs Jayadayal Lakminarayen and another, Malvi H M and R

55-12, 1243-11 Payne and Co, the New Piece Goods Bazars Co Ltd vs. Jivabhai Vadilal, Edgelow G W and Co.

66-12 461-12 Payne and Co, Withaldas Goculdas vs Joonimal Hargopal Foogla, Motichand and D.

67-12, 23-12 D J Mantri, Luxmon Jayram vs. Radhabai widow, Captain and V.

69-12, 264-11 Dubash and Co, Narsey Virji vs Alfred H Harrison, Patell and E.

70-12 Payne and Co, Jan Mahomed Rahimtoola and Co vs Karimbhoy Salehbhoy and others Edgelow G W and Co.

71-12, 311-12 Payne and Co, Mulraj Khattau vs The Bank of India Ltd, and others Craigie B and Co, Bhaishanker K and G, Motichand and D

72-12, 311-12 Craigie B and Co, The Bank of India Ltd vs Naranji Dwarkadas and others, Bhaishanker K and G, Motichand and D, Payne and Co.

74-12, 272-11 Mulla and M, Burjorji Rattonji Bomanji vs Bhagwandas Parashram, Tyabji D and Co.

89-12, 134-12 Mulla and M, Bawa Miya Pir Bara Miya vs Pir Abdul Kadar Pir Dada Miya and others, Payne and Co.

65-12 Wadia G and Co, Tricumdas Mills Co Ltd vs The Lakhmidas Khemji Spg and Wg Co Ltd.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr Dinshaw D. Davar.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

1248-12 Kanga and S Sirdar Naoroji Fudumji vs Putlibai and others.

Testamentary Suits.

25-12, F P Parri, Esmail Noor Mahomed vs Muradally Ratansey Nadirsha and D

27-12 Tyabji D and Co, Jalam Chedlal vs Meikulal Kanulal Wacha and Co

28-12 Maneklal and T, Haji Rajak M Fatubibi alias Fatuma, Mulla and M

30-12 Mulji K and T, Karsondas Dayaldas vs Girdar Kalidas, Smetham B and Co

17-12 Little and Co, Wallabdas Rowji vs Khimji Keshowji Tyabjee D and Co.

For Determination of Questions between Plaintiff and 7 Defendants

333-99 Crawford B and Co Gulam Mahomed Haji Esmail vs Saleh Mahomed Haji Ahmed and others, Payne and Co

Long Cause.

812-10 Mulla and M, Ahmed Mahomed vs Ahmed Jamal and others, Chitnis M and K, Subnis and G

453-12 Dastur and Co, Meghji Hirji vs Hansraj Hirji and others Motichand and D, Dastur and Co

611-11 M B Chothia, Hormusji Framji M vs Nusservanji Bomanji P and others, Edgelow G W and Co, Raghowaya N and Co.

287-11 Edgelow G W and Co, Bai Mani widow vs Virjiwandas Dhanji and another, Bicknell M R and Co.

970-11 Raghawaya, N and Co, Radabai widow and another vs Vallibai widow, Jehangir G and B.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

224-12 Shroff D and D Framji Pallonji Talati vs Messrs R D Cooper and Co, Payne and Co.

869-11 Bicknell M and R and Co, Indersing Jesraj vs Gopi Ganesh Radhavalab others, Wadia G and Co

185-11 Daphtary F and D, The Indian Specie Bank Ltd vs Popat Parbhuram Vaidya and others, Bhaishanker K and G.

187-11 Daphtary F and D, The Indian Specie Bank Ltd vs Vishwanath Praturam, Little and Co.

732-12 Mulji K and R, Kerimbhai Peer Mahomed and Co vs Pranlal Kohanlal J, Little and Co.

71 12 Crawford B and Co, Haji Mahomed Cassam vs. Mahomed Fazal Haji Abdulla Arab, Payne and Co

917-12 Vachha and Co, Papuji Dossbhoy Patel vs Cassumally Jarajbhai J, Payne and Co.

1077-12 Ranchavaya N and Co, Bai Rancore widow vs Bai Mancha and another.

8-12-11 Bhaishanker K and G, Lakhmidas Khimji Spinning and Weaving Co Ltd vs Gordhandas Khatau and other, Edgelow G W and Co, Craigie B and C, Captain and V.

525-12 Jehangir R and S, Tullochband Kehand Nokamchand vs Norayanbux Ramcoover, Motichand and D.

539-12 Mulla and M, Radhakisandas Dwarkadas vs Motilal Gopchand, Mulji K and H

1042-11 Little and Co, Goolamally Essaji and others vs Tyabally Essaji, Motichand and D.

301-12 Payne and Co, Haji Goolam Mahomed Azam vs The Bombay Persian Steam Navigation Co Ltd, Crawford B and Co.

229-11 Motichand and D, Ishwardas Modi vs Tanachand Ramchandas and another, Kanga and S.

577-11 Daphtary F and D, The Indian Specie Bank Ltd vs Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Mahomed Ardesher N D and Co, Jehangir M and J.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

332-11 Mirza M and M, Manishanker Kushaldas Joshi and another vs Sheriarji Rustomji Mystry and others, Surajmal and Co.

Short Causes.

1197-12 Surajmal and Co, Jeyroo Coestoor and Co vs Haji Mahomed Haji Ali, Mehta and D

1260-12 Bhaishanker K and G, Keshavlal Lallubhai vs Shaikh Osman Abdul Karim, Mulji K and H

Long Causes.

170-12 Bicknell M R and Co, Ramrutton Ramkissendas vs Bishandyal Cooverlal Ageewals, Tyabji D and Co.

654-12 Ardeshir H D and Co, R D Sethna vs Narwick Unions Life Ass Co Ld, Wacha and Co, Craigie and Co.

721-11 Payne and Co, Bhowanidas Verumal and Co vs Noorbhoy Abdul Hussein Motichand and D.

7-8-11 Payne and Co, Haji Ebrahim Gool Mahomed vs Noorbhoy Abdul Hussein Motichand and D.

890-10 Molvi H M and R, The Indian Agency Co, Ltd vs Jivraeha Tarachand Dhunjisha and B.

693-12 Crawford B and Co, The Municipal Corp for the City of Bombay vs The G I P Ry Co, Little and Co.

847-09 Jehangir G and B, Phirozsha and Co vs Messrs Bayke Beharilal Jainarayen, Pestonji R K and Co.

1201-12 D G Mantri, Narayen Jadavji vs Bhanji Ladha and another, Mehta and D.

1 07-12 Jehangir M and S, Hajrabai widow and another vs Sarabai and others, Nanu H and Co.

411-15, 28-12 Jehangir H and S, Mistri Tricum Valji Harrcon Haji Tyab and others, Edgelow G W and Co, Payne and Co.

635-12 Rajbowaya N and Co, Messrs Dewkarandas Ramcoover vs Abdool Hoosein Mahomedally, Patel and E.

877-11 Ardeshir H D and Co, Shivji Shamji vs Chamsey Purbat and others, Matubai J and M

678-11 Ardeshir H D and Co, Shivji Shamji vs Chamsey Purbat and another, Matubhai J and M.

879-11 Ardeshir H D and Co, Shivji Shamji and another vs Chamsey Purbat and another, Matubhai, J and M.

243-12 Mulla and M Poohoomal Bros vs Popatlal Morardas, Jamshedji R and D.

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Nightbirds (from the opera) ... Johann Strauss.
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